Mechanisms behind climate oscillations in full-glacial simulations

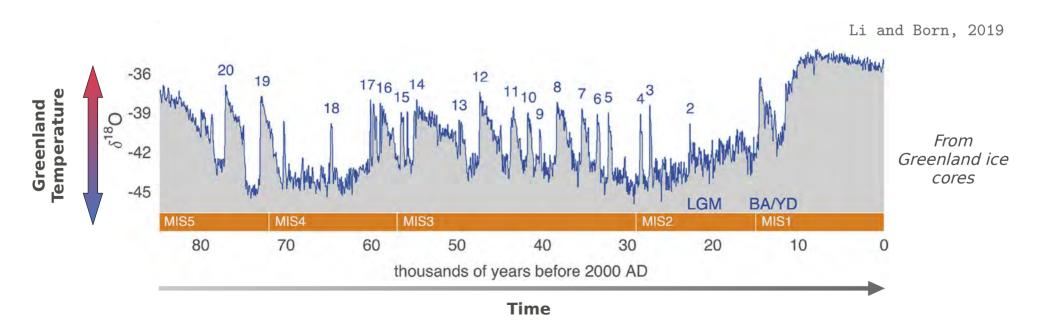
Yvan Romé, Dr. Ruza Ivanovic, Dr. Lauren Gregoire *University of Leeds*





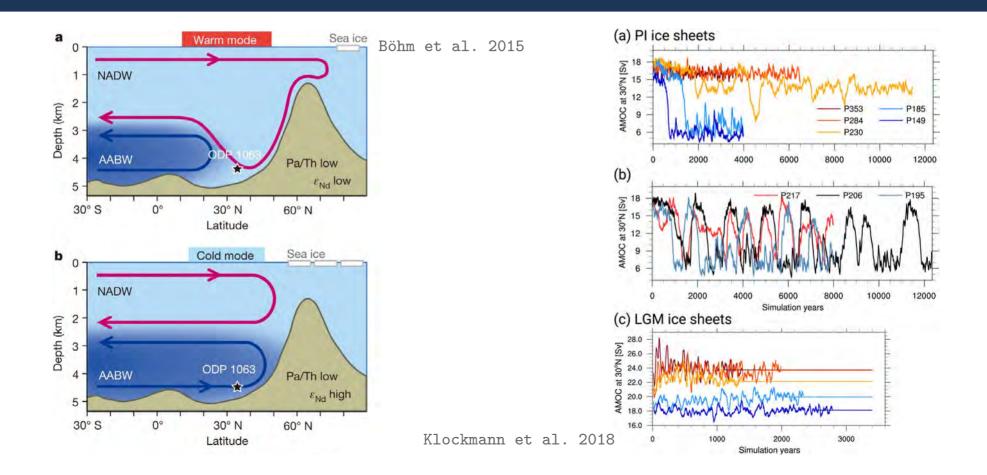
Dansgaard-Oeschger events

Dansgaard-Oeschger events (D-O events) are millennial-scale oscillations between cold stadial climates and warm interstadial climates



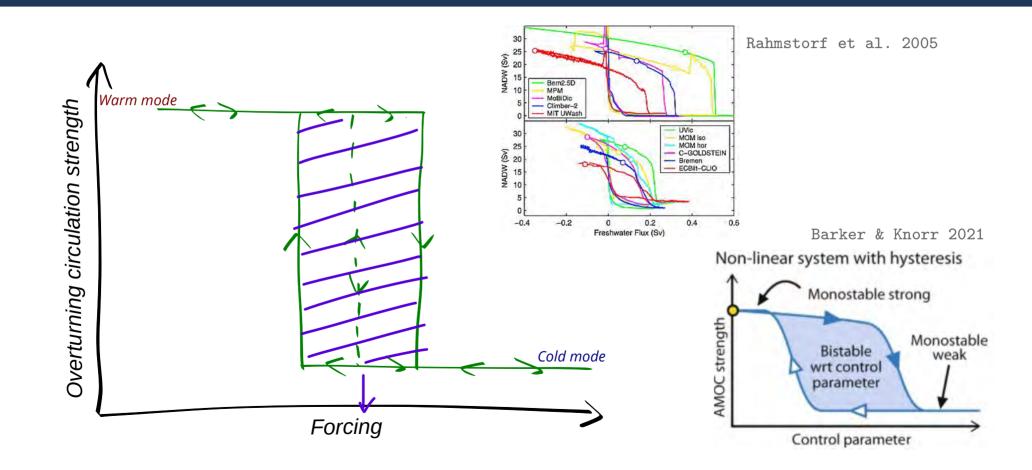


Millennial scale variability in climate models



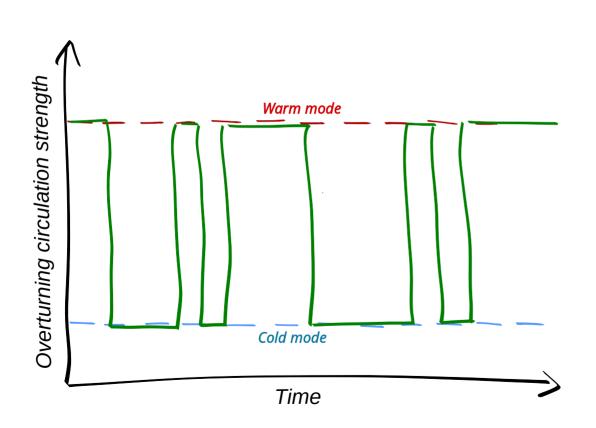


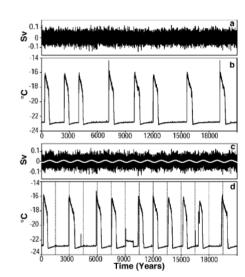
AMOC response to forcing





Stochastic dynamics

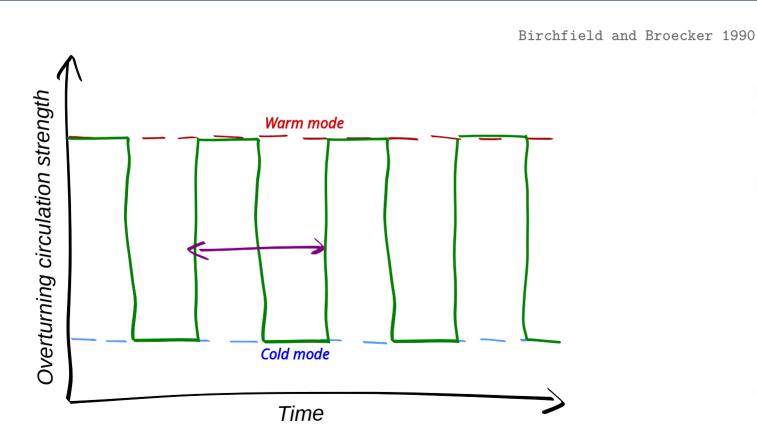


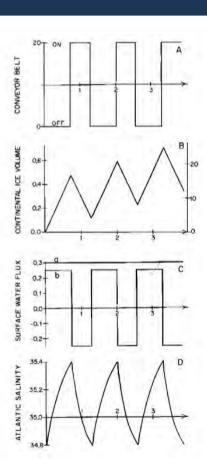


Ganopolski and Rahmstorf, 2002



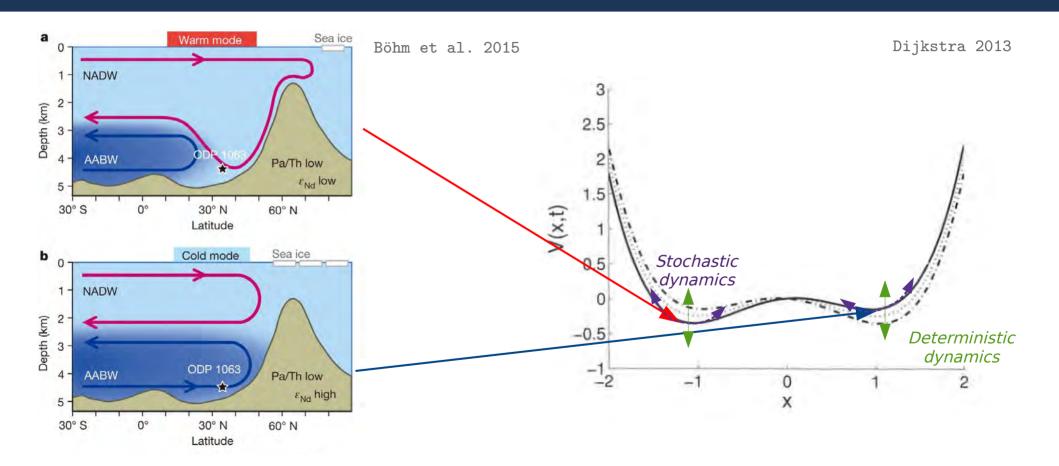
Deterministic dynamics







AMOC stability as a potential well



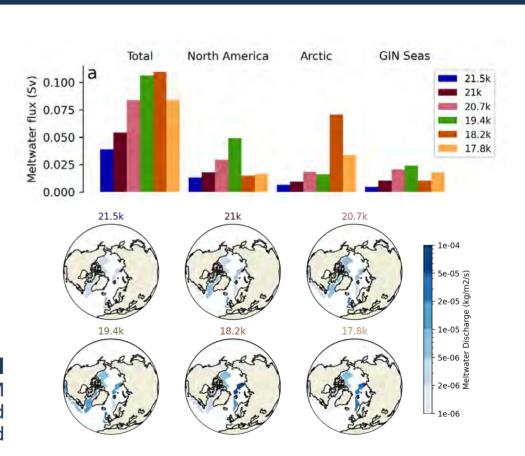


Experimental design

- → Last Glacial Maximum (LGM 21 ky) background conditions equilibrium simulation
- Meltwater history derived from GLAC-1D ice sheet reconstruction, routed and spread over the ocean
- Six snapshots of meltwater discharge of the early last deglaciation were chosen
- → They were used as fixed forcing for 10.000 years

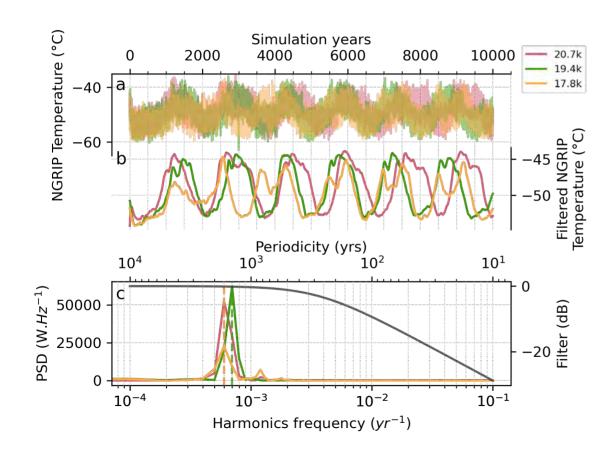
HadCM3@Bristol

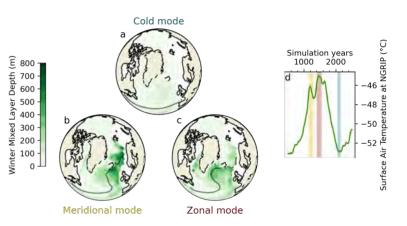
Coupled ocean-atmosphere GCM Atmosphere → 2.5°×3.75°x19 layers regular grid Ocean → 1.25°×1.25°x20 layers regular grid





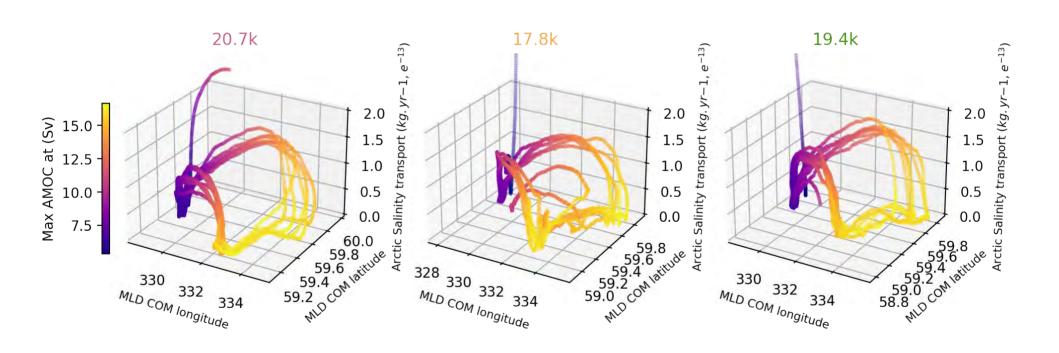
Oscillations in LGM simulations







Visualising stable states





Reviewing the different components

We produced a framework to study millennial-scale variability.

Large Review of different physical components involved in abrupt climate changes.

- → **Fast physics** No clear increase of inter-annual variability prior to a state switch, but a decadal-scale salinity pump in cold mode. Resonance phenomenon?
- → **Slow physics** Slow reorganisation of salinity in the Atlantic, leading to weaker North-South and vertical density gradients. Is it enough to modify the potential?

Contact eeymr@leeds.ac.uk

Thank you!