

ROSENSTIEL SCHOOL of MARINE & ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE



# Building the bridge between ENSO theories and operational predictions Ben Kirtman

**University of Miami - RSMAS** 

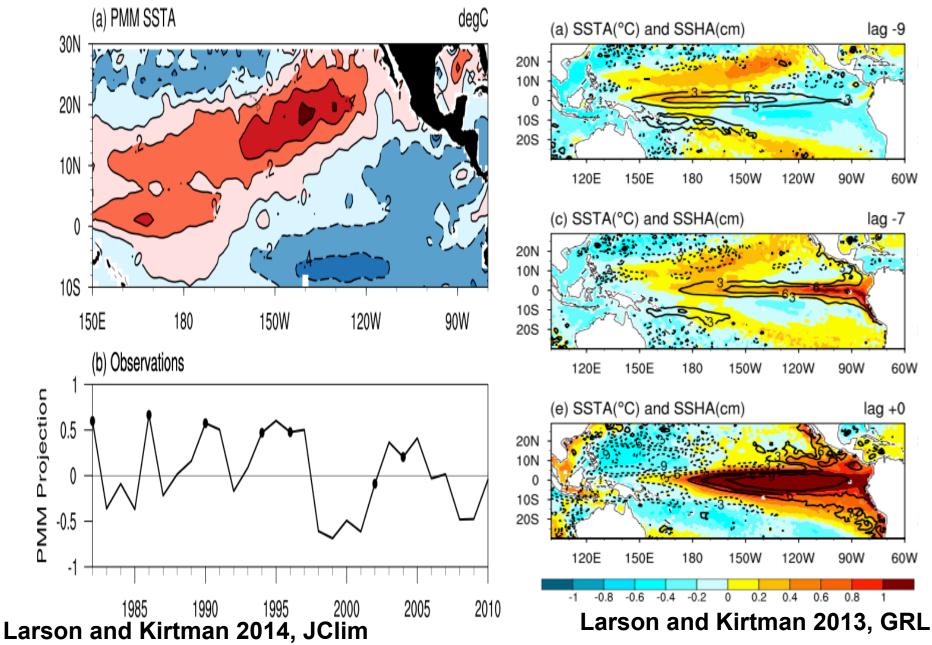
## Motivation

- NRC Assessment of Intraseasonal to Interannual Climate Prediction and Predictability
  - "Predictability is used *qualitatively* ... processes that improve Forecast quality"
  - Not possible to quantify the true limit of predictability for the climate system
  - Quantitative statements about the lower bound possible
- Approach in NRC Assessment is Understandable but Unsatisfying
  - Difficult to see how predictability research impacts operational forecasts

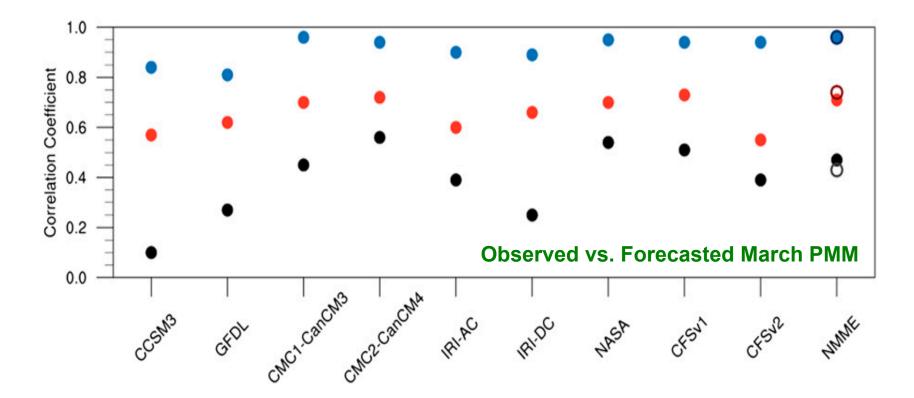
# Bridging Predictability to Prediction

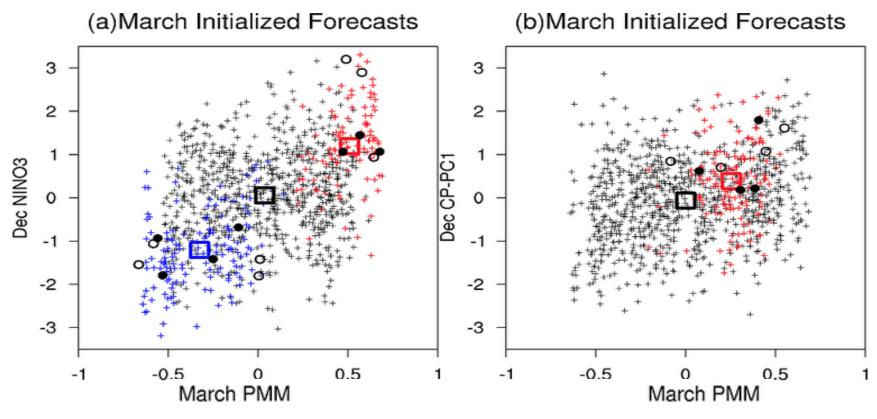
- Mantra: Marry Predictability and Prediction
- Examples:
  - Pacific Meridional Mode as ENSO Trigger
  - Westerly Wind Bursts and Forecast Quality
  - ENSO Diversity
  - Coupled Instability and Forecast Spread
- Outstanding Problems

### **PPM ENSO Trigger**

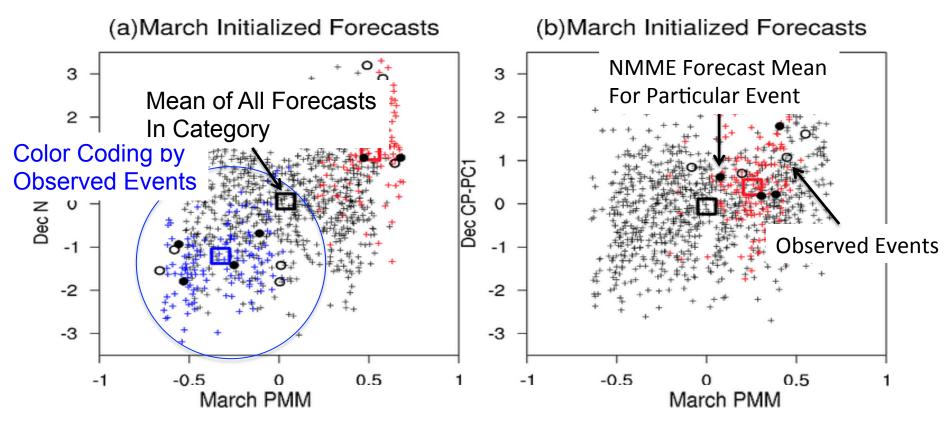


### **Can PMM be Predicted?**

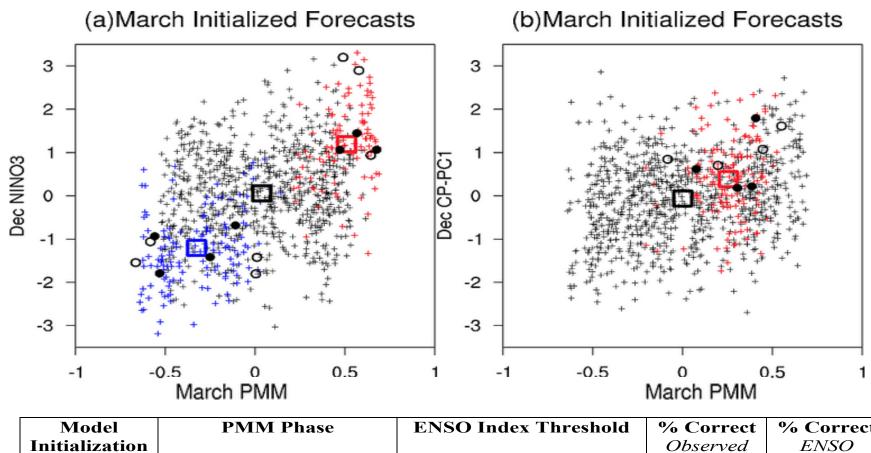




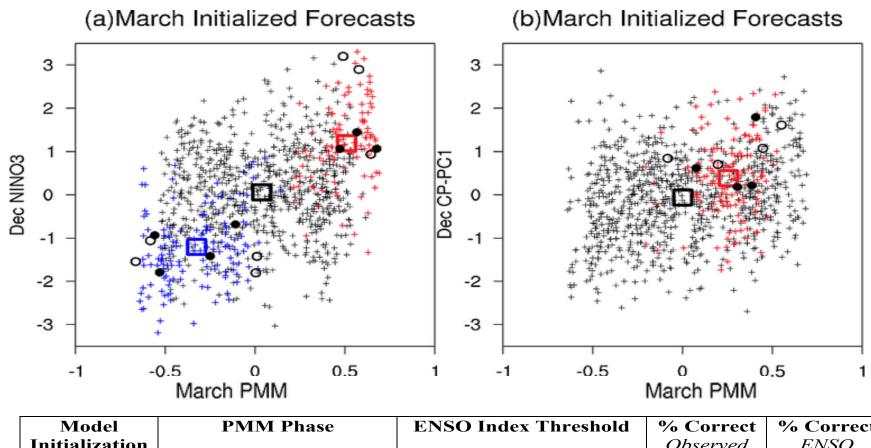
Model	PMM Phase	<b>ENSO Index Threshold</b>	% Correct	% Correct
Initialization	ialization		Observed	ENSO
Month			ENSO	Forecast
March	+ Forecast	+ NINO-3	53%	63%
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(56%)	(48%)
March	– Forecast	– NINO-3	79%	61%
	(Lower tercile forecast) (Lower tercile NIN		(34%)	(52%)
March	+ Forecast	+ CP Index	78%	57%
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile CP index)	(44%)	(43%)
	+ Observed	+ NINO-3	47%	
	(Upper tercile observed)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(60%)	
	– Observed	– NINO-3	71%	
	(Lower tercile observed)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(25%)	
	+ Observed	+ CP Index	73%	
	(Upper tercile observed)	Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile CP index)		



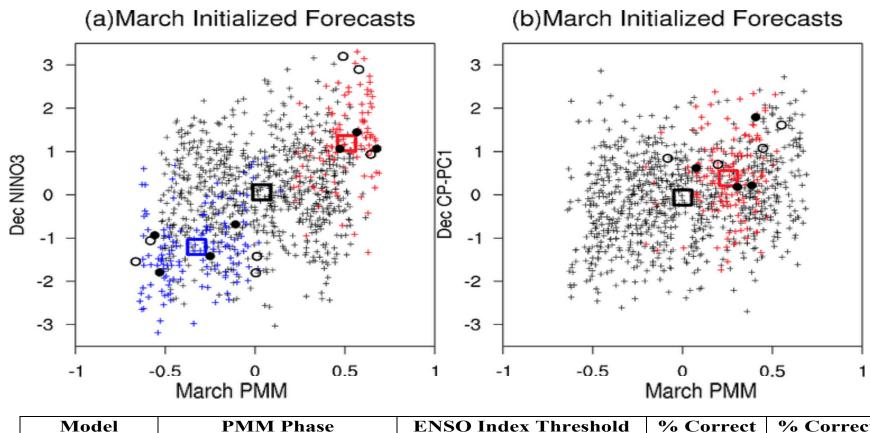
Model	PMM Phase ENSO Index Thresh		% Correct	% Correct
Initialization			Observed	ENSO
Month			ENSO	Forecast
March	+ Forecast	+ NINO-3	53%	63%
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(56%)	(48%)
March	– Forecast	– NINO-3	79%	61%
	(Lower tercile forecast)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(34%)	(52%)
March	+ Forecast	+ CP Index	78%	57%
	(Upper tercile forecast) (Upper tercile CP index)		(44%)	(43%)
	+ Observed	+ NINO-3	47%	
	(Upper tercile observed)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(60%)	
	– Observed	– NINO-3	71%	
	(Lower tercile observed)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(25%)	
	+ Observed	+ CP Index	73%	
	(Upper tercile observed)	(Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile CP index)		



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Month			ENSO	Forecast
March	+ Forecast	+ NINO-3	53%	63%
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(56%)	• (48%)
March	– Forecast	– NINO-3	79%	61%
	(Lower tercile forecast)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(34%)	(52%)
March	+ Forecast	+ CP Index	78%	57%
	(Upper tercile forecast) (Upper tercile CP index)		(44%)	(43%)
	+ Observed	+ NINO-3	17%	
	(Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile NINO-3)		(60%)	
	– Observed	– NINO-3 71%		
	(Lower tercile observed)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(25%)	
	+ Observed	+ CP Index	73%	
	(Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile CP index)		(40%)	

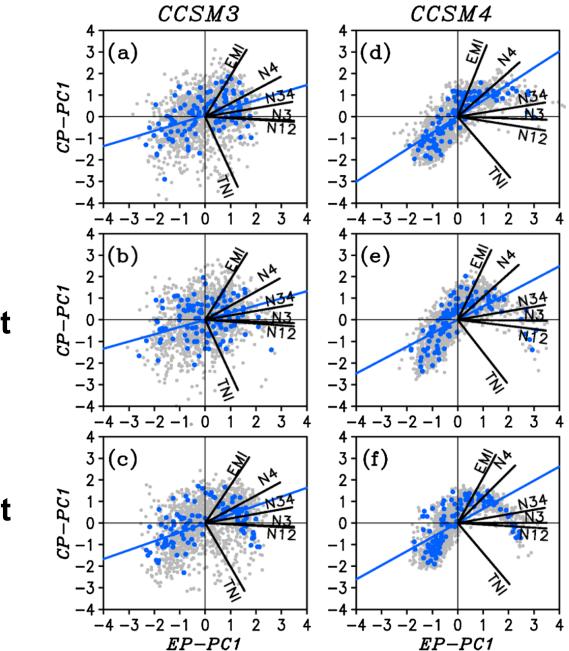


Model	PMM Phase	ENSO Index Threshold	% Correct	% Correct		
Initialization			Observed	ENSO		
Month						
March	+ Forecast	+ NINO-3	53%	<u>6</u> 3%		
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(56%)	(48%)		
March	- Forecast	– NINO-3	79%	61%		
	(Lower tercile forecast)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(34%)	(52%)		
March	+ Forecast	+ CP Index	78%	57%		
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile CP index)	(44%)	(43%)		
	+ Observed	+ NINO-3	47%			
	(Upper tercile observed)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(60%)			
	Observed	– NINO-3	71%			
	(Lower tercile observed)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(25%)			
	+ Observed	+ CP Index	13%			
	(Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile CP index)		(40%)			



Model	PMM Phase	ENSO Index Threshold	% Correct	% Correct		
Initialization			Observed	ENSO		
Month						
March	+ Forecast	+ NINO-3	53%	63%		
	(Upper tercile forecast)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(56%)	(48%)		
March	– Forecast	– NINO-3	79%	61%		
	(Lower tercile forecast)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(34%)	(52%)		
March	+ Forecast	+ CP Index	78%	57%		
	(Upper tercile forecast) (Upper tercile CP i		(44%)	(43%)		
	+ Observed	+ NINO-3	47%			
	(Upper tercile observed)	(Upper tercile NINO-3)	(60%)			
	- Observed	– NINO-3	71%			
	(Lower tercile observed)	(Lower tercile NINO-3)	(25%)			
	+ Observed	+ CP Index	73%			
	(Upper tercile observed) (Upper tercile CP in		(40%)			

### **Westerly Wind Burst and ENSO**

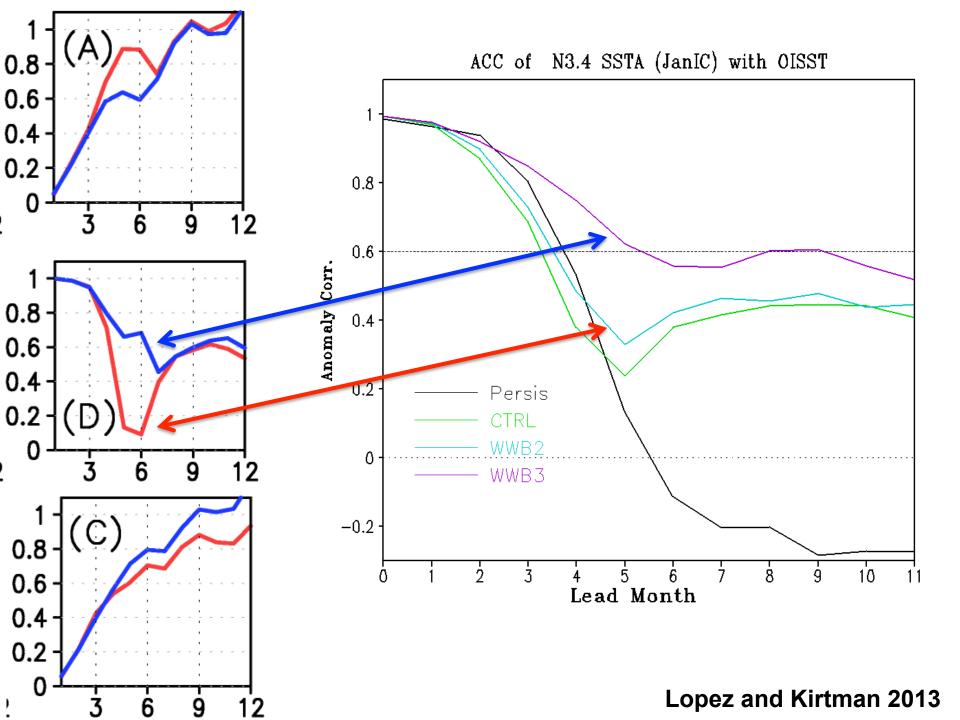


Control

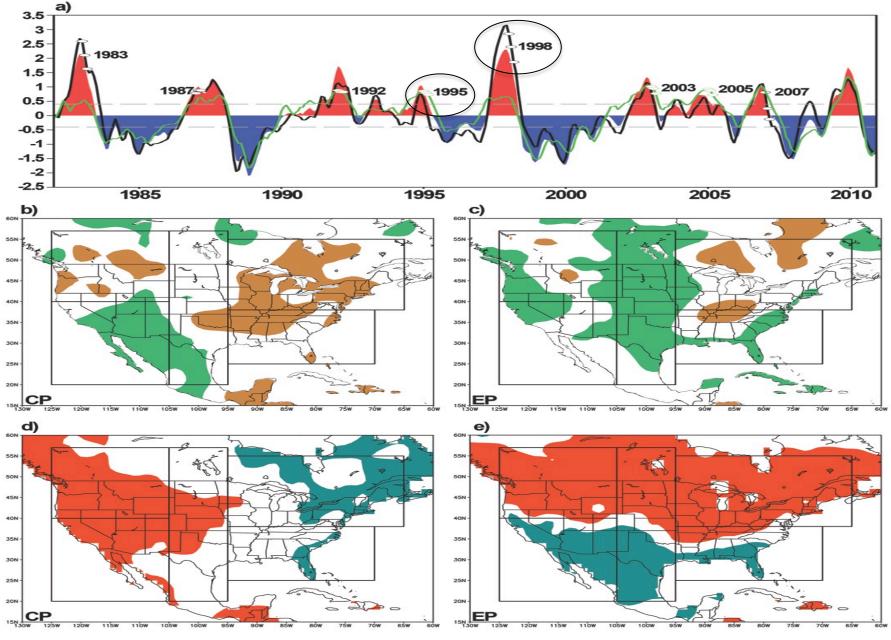
#### **State Independent**

**State Dependent** 

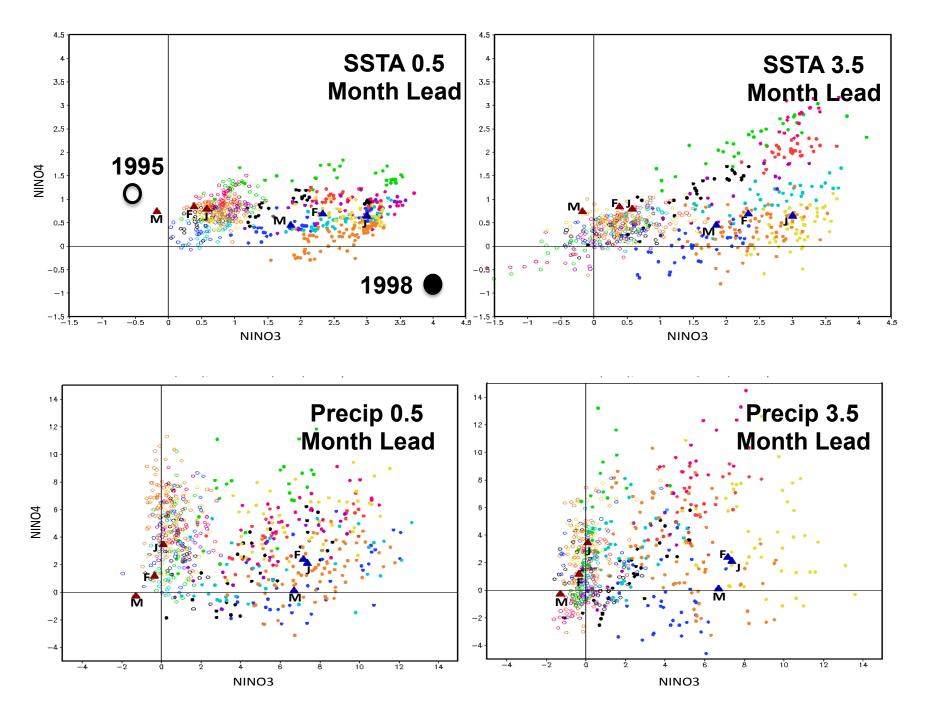
Lopez and Kirtman 2013

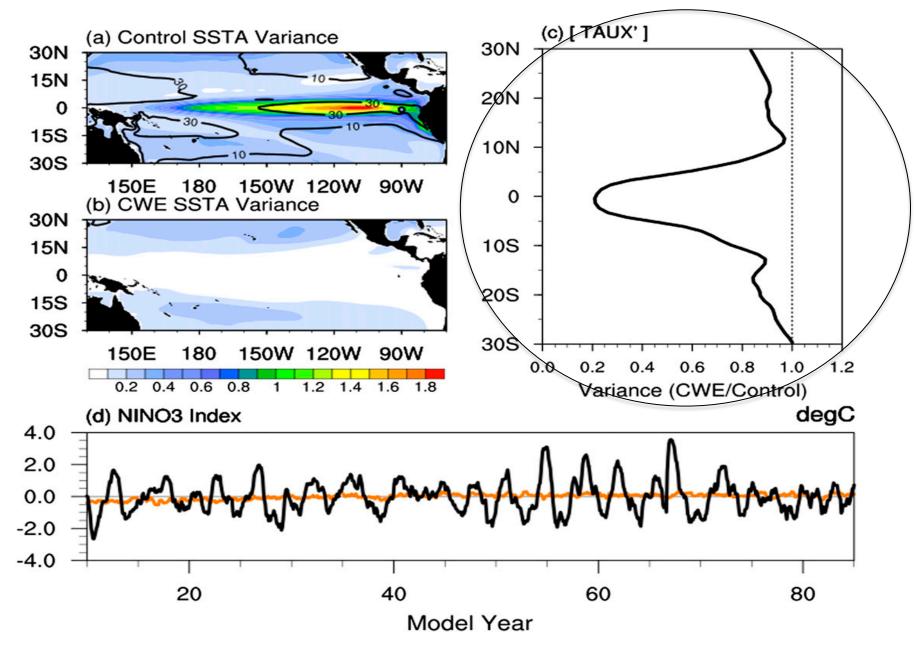


**Central Pacific vs. East Pacific Warm Events** 



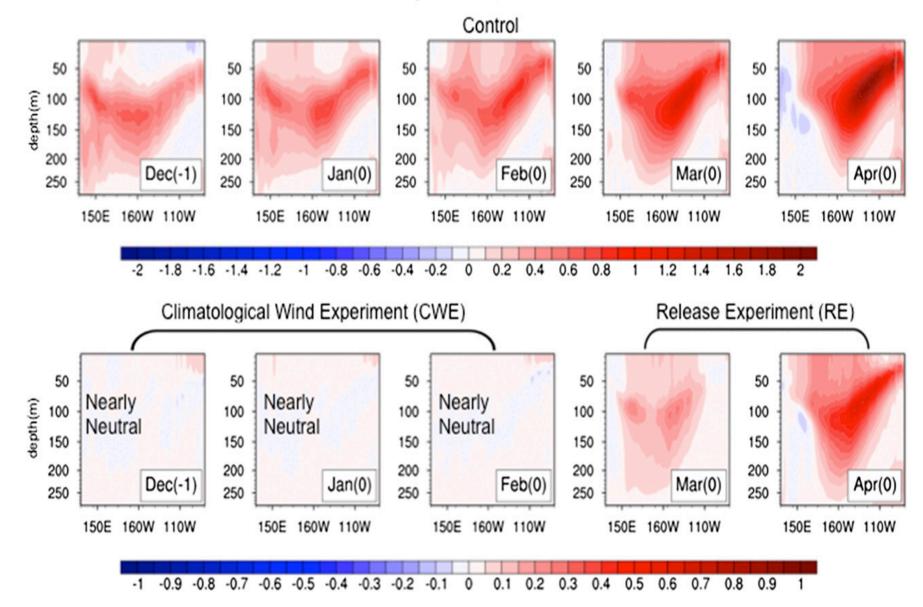
Infanti and Kirtman 2015

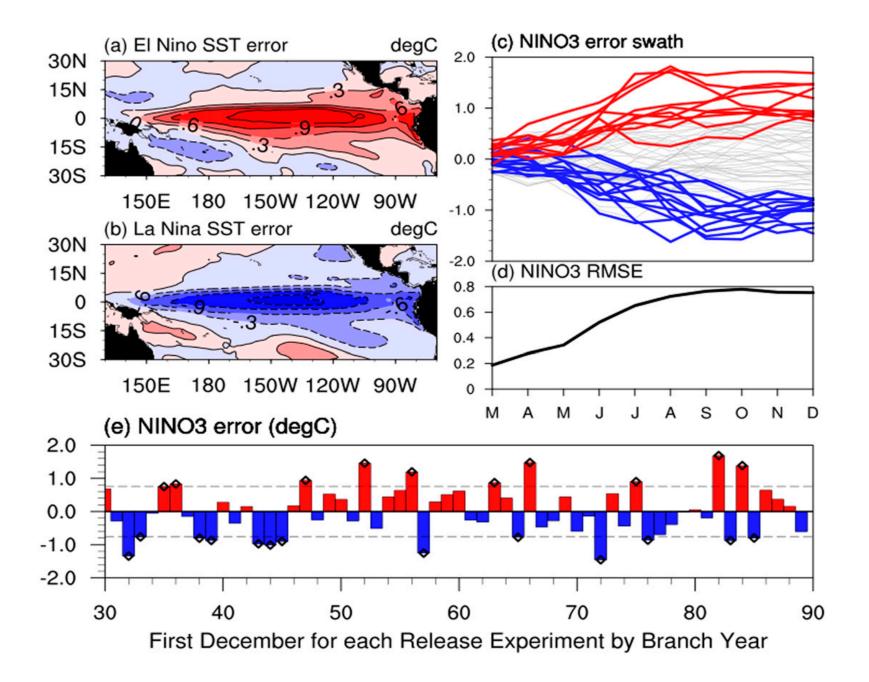


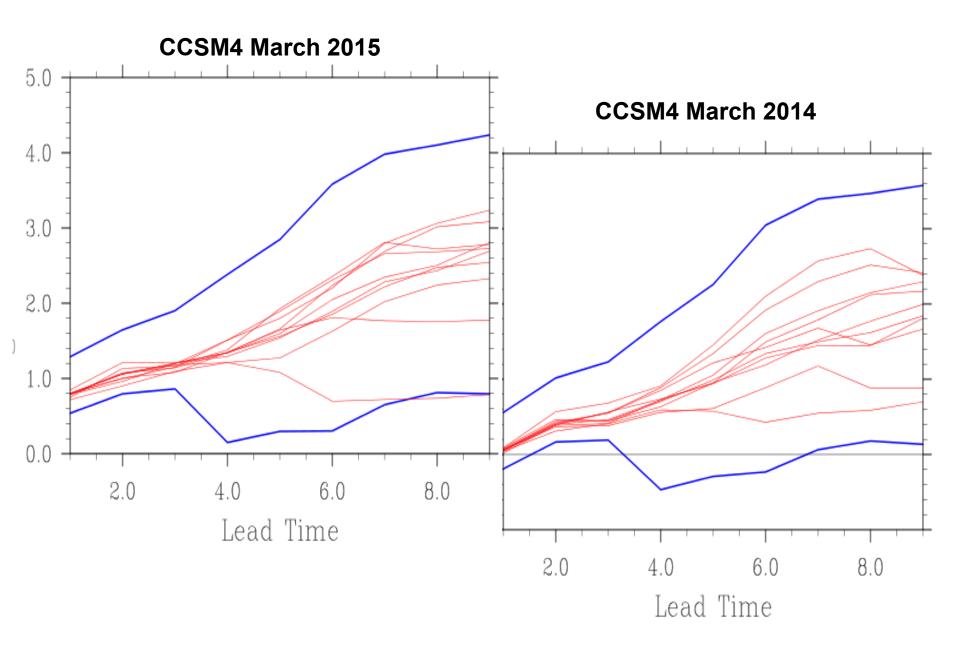


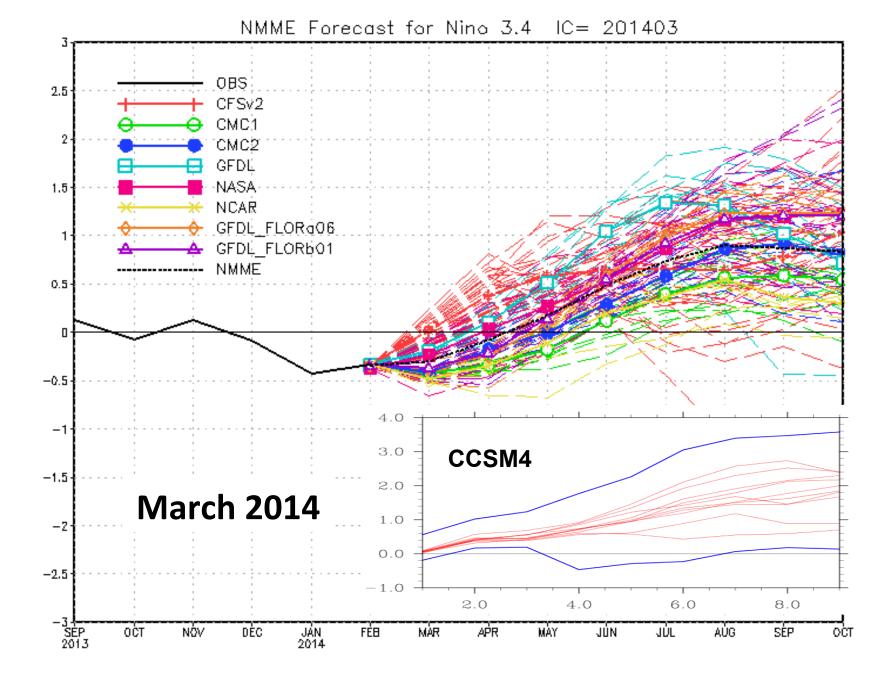
Larson and Kirtman 2015

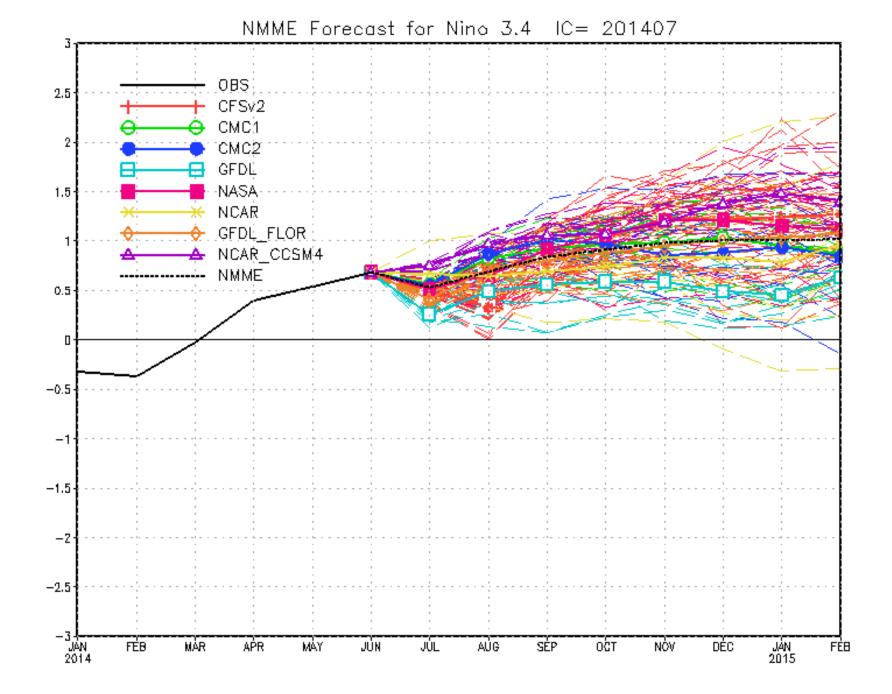
#### December NINO-3 Signal in Equatorial Pacific Subsurface T'

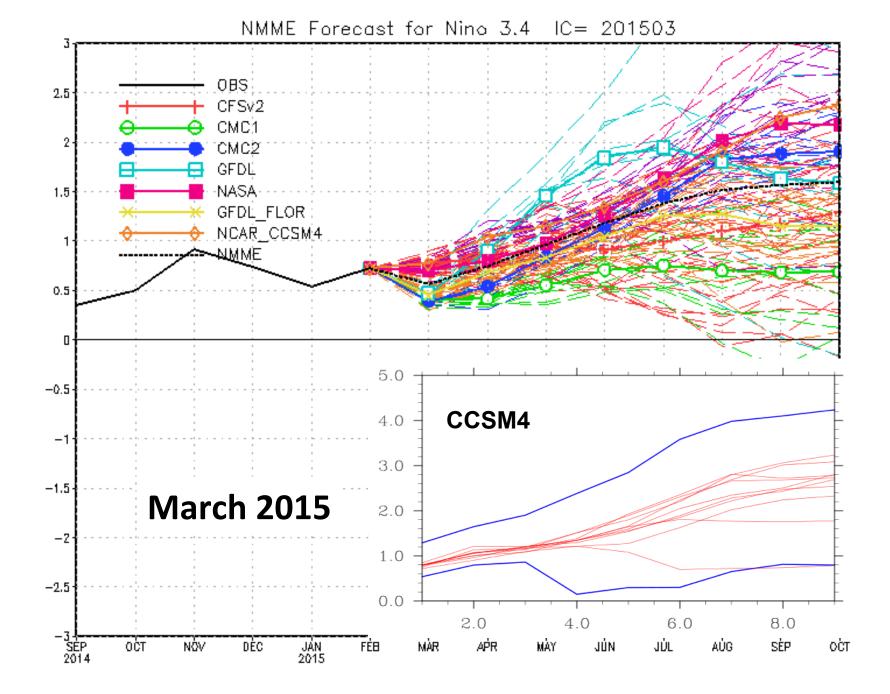


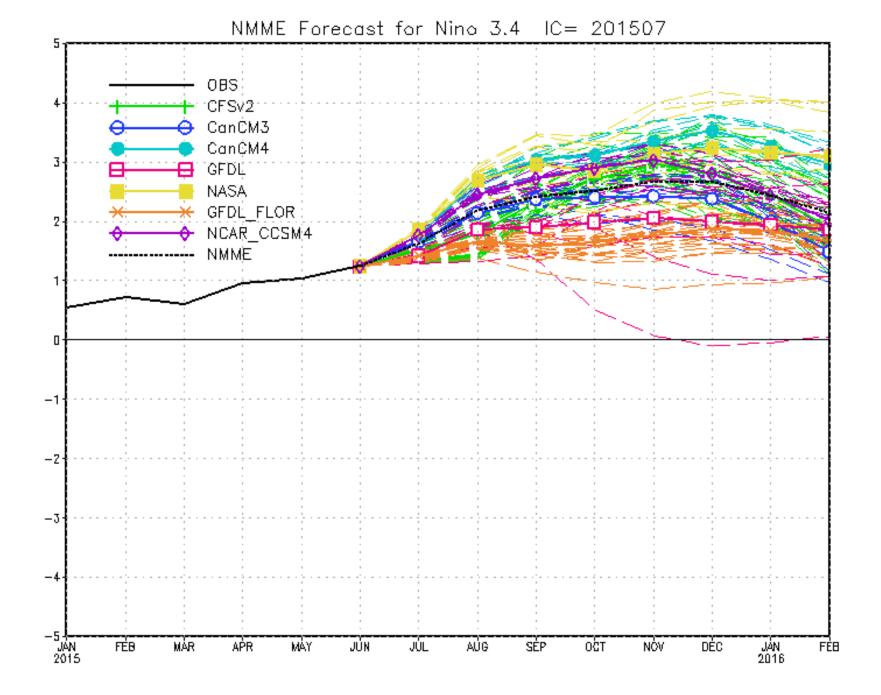






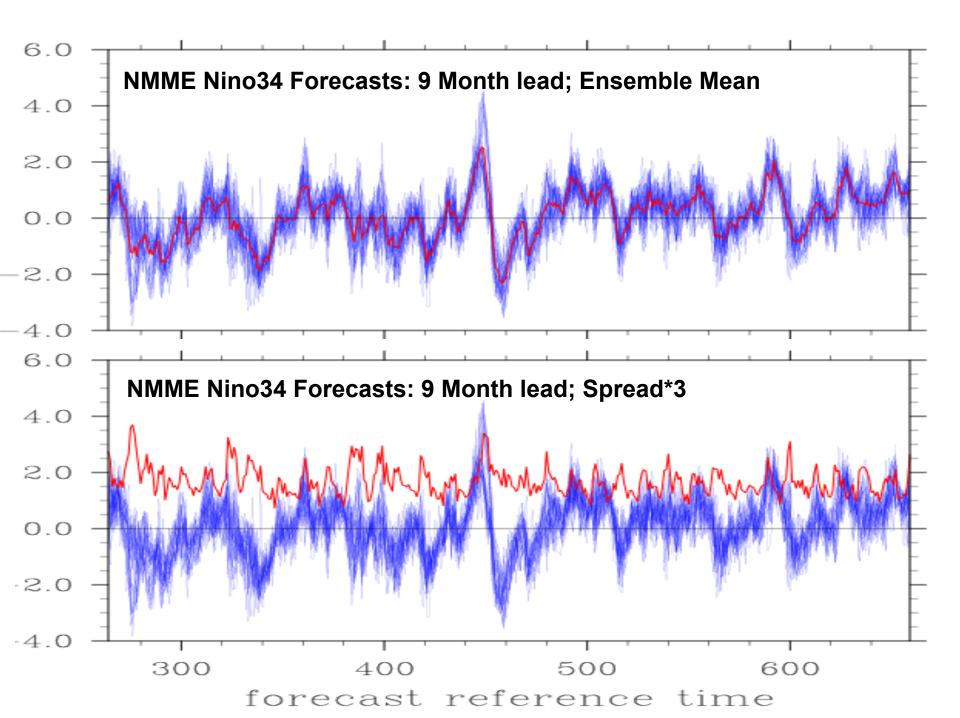






### **Brier Skill Score for Nino3.4**

	A/N/B	Lead 0	Lead 1	Lead 2	Lead 3	Lead 4	Lead 5
CFS (24	Above	0.54	0.45	0.39	0.33	0.28	0.25
Members)	Normal	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02
	Below	0.49	0.43	0.40	0.38	0.36	0.35
Mini-NMME	Above	0.68	0.60	0.55	0.48	0.42	0.37
(24	Normal	0.34	0.24	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.09
Members)	Below	0.66	0.59	0.56	0.53	0.49	0.45
Full NMME	Above	0.68	0.61	0.55	0.49	0.43	0.38
	Normal	0.35	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.11
	Below	0.65	0.58	0.54	0.52	0.49	0.46



# **Outstanding Problems**

- Able to Use Predictions to Inform Predictability, but the Reverse?
- How to Define a "Skillful" Probabilistic Forecast
  - Was the 2014 ENSO Forecast Anomalously Bad?
  - Tension between "Spread" and "Sharpness"
- Forecast of the Forecast Skill
  - State Dependent Skill Mask
  - Why are Dynamic Forecasts So Over-Confident
- Forecast Problem is about Getting the Details Right
  - Forecast Evolution
  - ENSO Diversity
- Weather within Climate
  - Sub-seasonal Statistics
  - Extremes
- Trends