Playing Hide and Seek With El Niño

Mike McPhaden NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory Seattle, Washington, USA

Nature Climate Change, in press (17 August 2015).

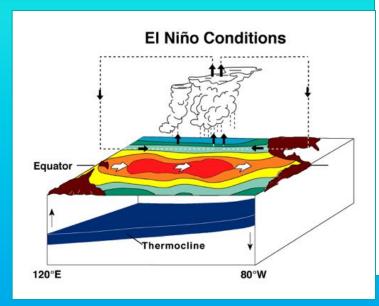
U.S. CLIVAR Summit Tucson, AZ 4 August 2015

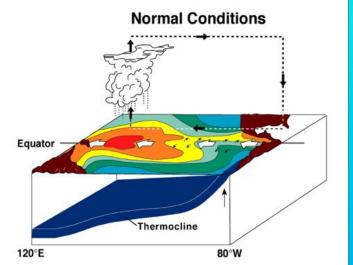
Outline

Observations vs Predictions in 2014-15
Understanding What Transpired
Research imperatives

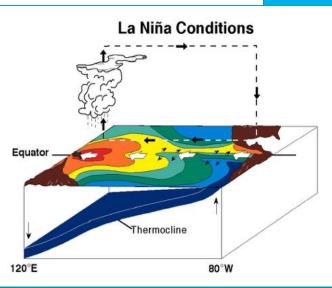
U.S. CLIVAR Summit Tucson, AZ 4 August 2015

El Niño and the Southern Oscillation (ENSO)



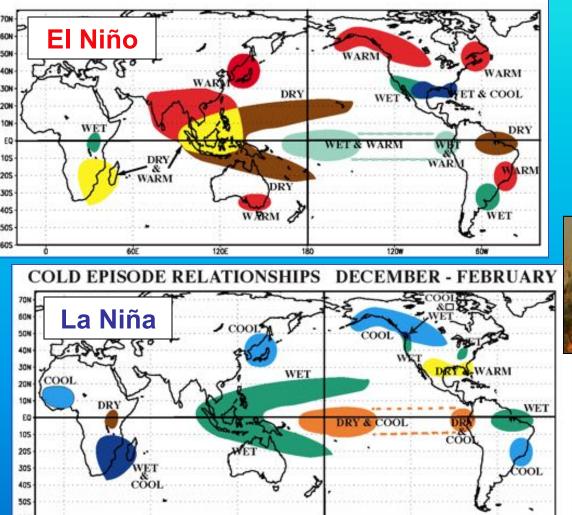


El Niño—Warm phase of ENSO La Niña—Cold phase of ENSO



El Niño & La Niña Impacts on Patterns of Weather Variability

WARM EPISODE RELATIONSHIPS DECEMBER - FEBRUARY



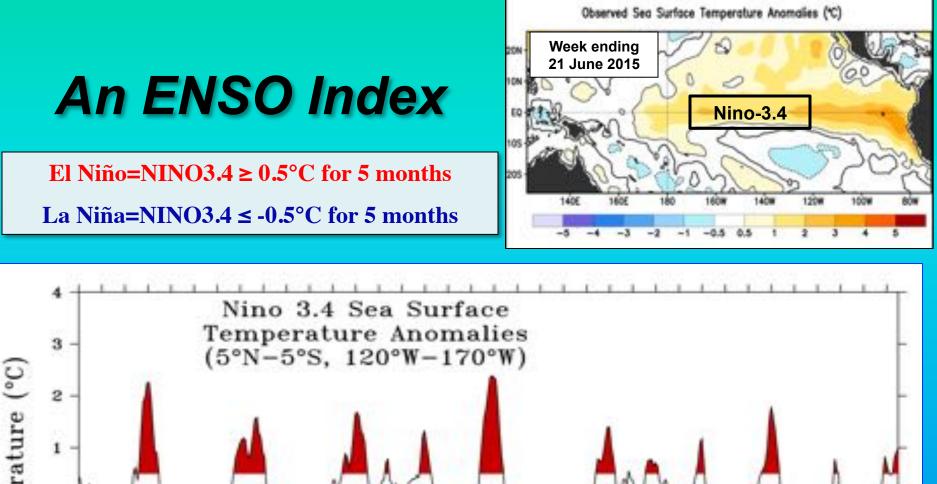
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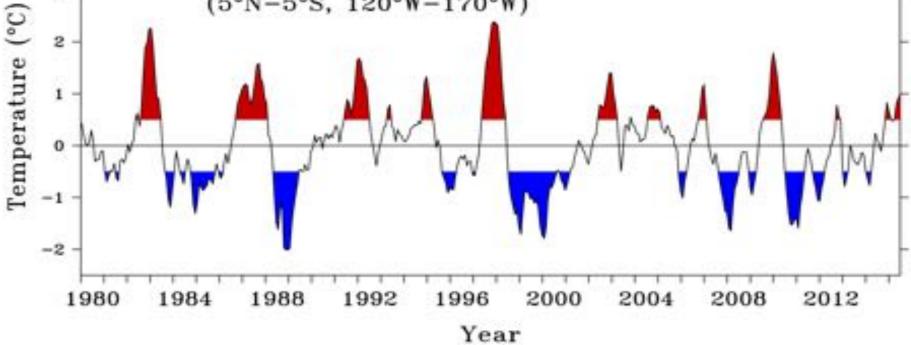
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1200

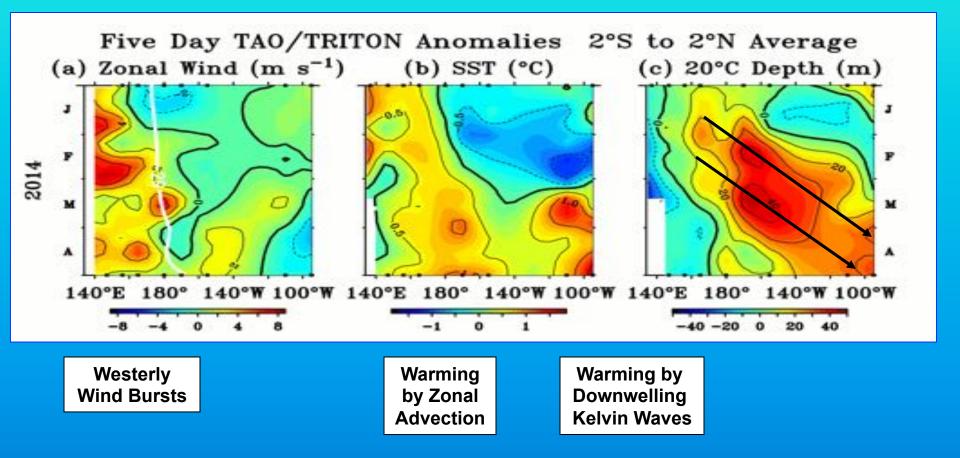
El Niño and La Niña shift the probability for droughts, floods, heat waves, extreme weather events around the globe

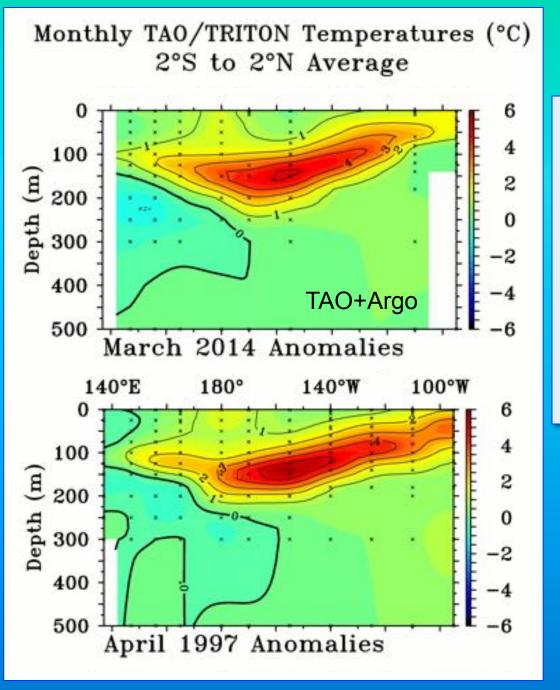






Birth of the Big 2014 El Niño?

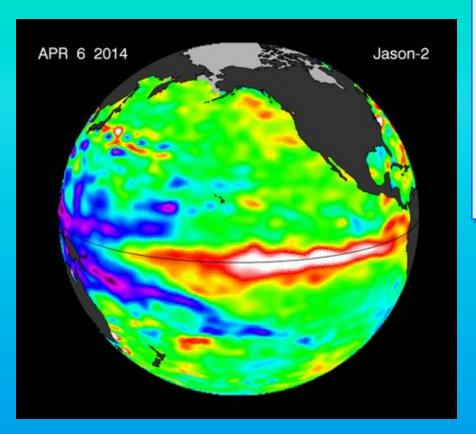




http://www.pmel.noaa.gov/tao/

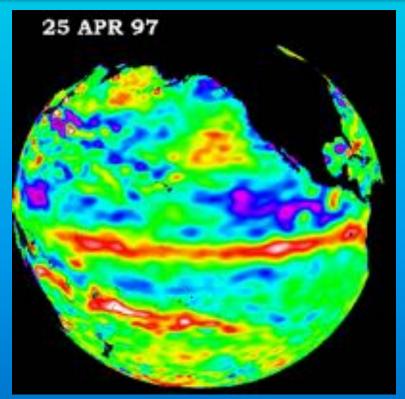
Early 1997 vs Early 2014

Subsurface Temperature Anomalies



Early 1997 and Early 2014

Surface Height Anomalies





The <u>BIG</u> One!



Unusually Intense El Nino May Lie Ahead, Scientists Say Mashable 19 March 2014

"The present event is actually <u>bigger</u> than it was in 1997..."

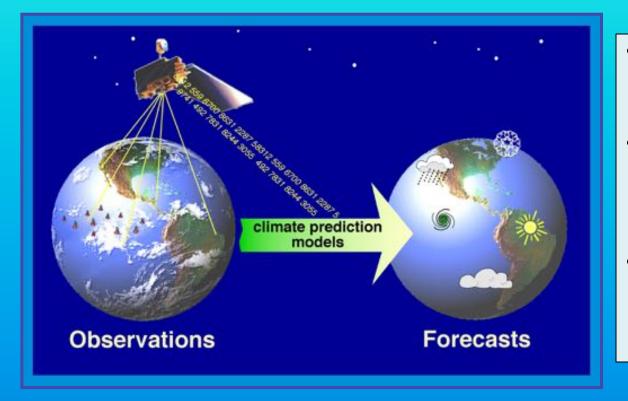
El Niño Could Grow Into a Monster, New Data Show Slate 7 April 2014

"It might be a big one..."

World is unprepared for major El Niño later this year New Scientist 7 May 2014

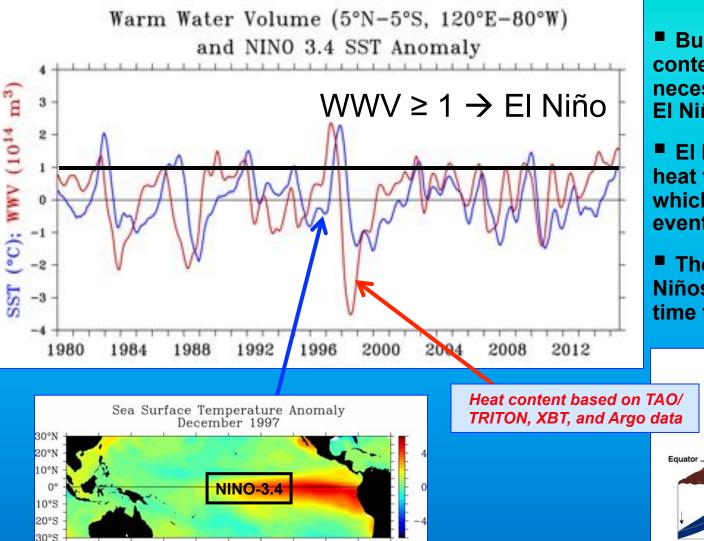
"The tropical climate system is primed for a <u>big</u> El Niño..." "It looks like a <u>big</u> one..."

El Niño and La Niña are Predictable



- First successful El Niño prediction in 1986
- Forecast models are reasonably skillful at up to 6-9 month lead times
- Predictability based on slow evolution of upper ocean heat content

Upper Ocean Heat Content as ENSO Predictor Recharge Oscillator Theory (Jin, 1997)



100°E

140°E

180°

140°W

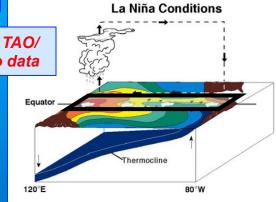
100°W

60°W

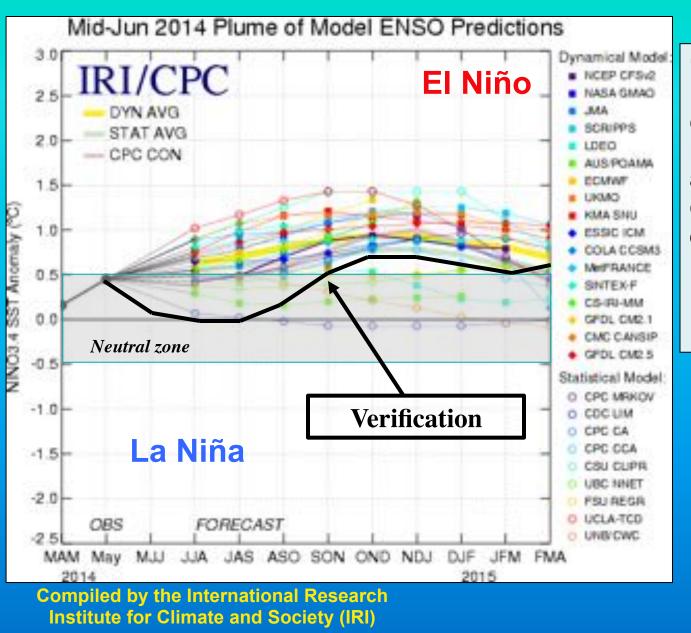
Build up of excess heat content along equator is a necessary precondition for El Niño to occur.

El Niño purges excess heat to higher latitudes, which terminates the event.

The time between El Niños is determined by the time to recharge.



Niño-3.4 Predictions From June 2014



"The chance of El Niño is about 70% during the Northern Hemisphere summer and is close to 80% during the fall and early winter."

> NOAA/NCEP 10 July 2014

NOAA El Niño Watch Advisories

- 10 July 2014: "The chance of El Niño is about 70% during the Northern Hemisphere summer and is close to 80% during the fall and early winter."
- 7 Aug 2014: "The chance of El Niño has decreased to about 65% during the Northern Hemisphere fall and early winter."
- 4 Sept 2014: "The chance of El Niño is 60-65% during the Northern Hemisphere fall and winter."
- 6 Nov 2014: "There is a 58% chance of El Niño during the Northern Hemisphere winter, which is favored to last into the Northern Hemisphere spring 2015"
- 8 Jan 2015: "There is an ~50-60% chance of El Niño conditions during the next two months...<u>the consensus favors a weak</u> <u>event that ends in early Northern Hemisphere spring</u>



The big One?



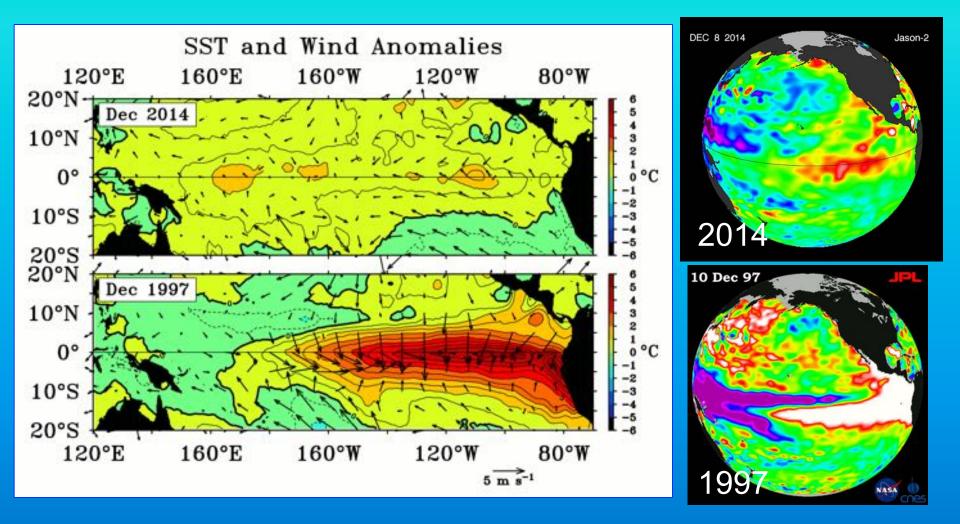
El Niño Fizzle: No Relief Likely for California Drought KQED Science Network 7 Aug 2014

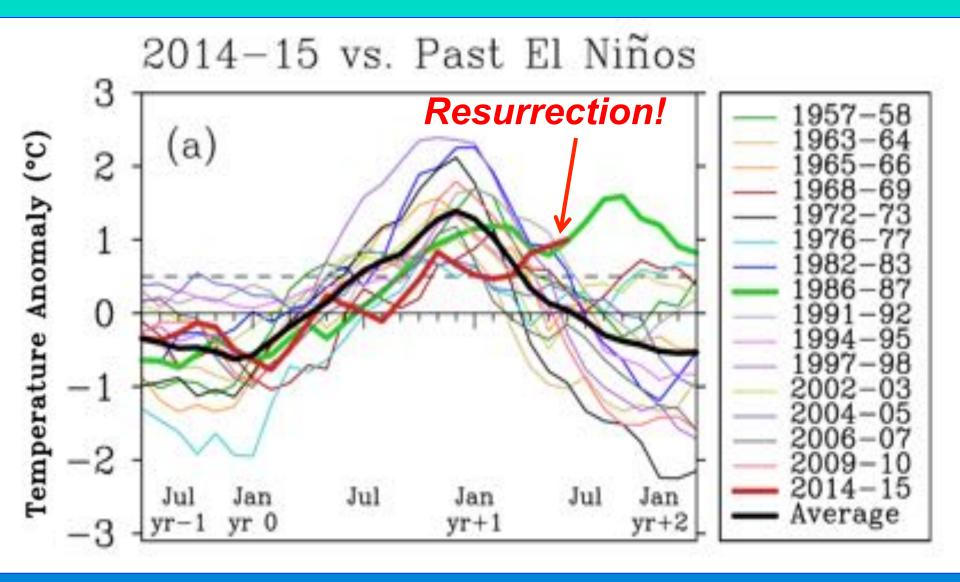
Chances for El Niño this winter 'sputtering' Reno Daily Gazette 8 Aug 2014

To El Niño or not to El Niño, that is the question Deep Sea News 13 Sept 2014

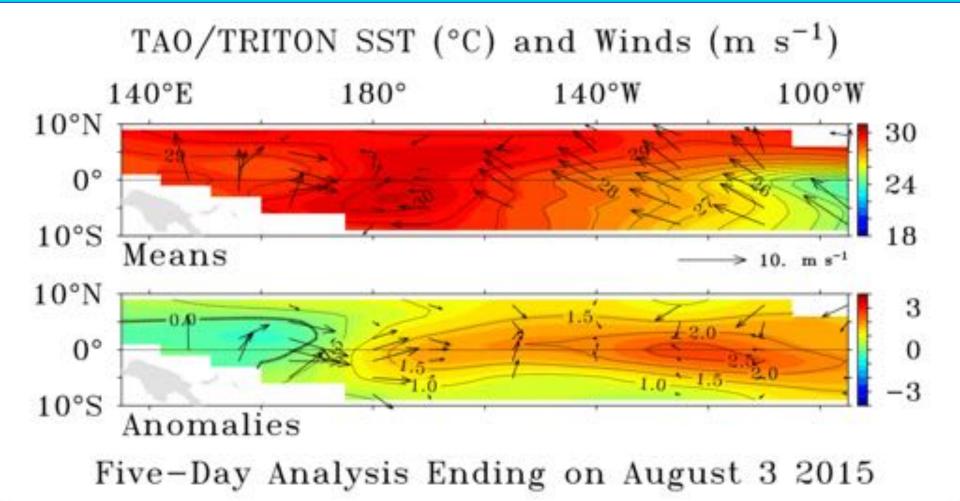
Scientists were expecting a big El Niño this year. So where did it go? Vox 3 Oct 2014

Demise of the Big El Niño



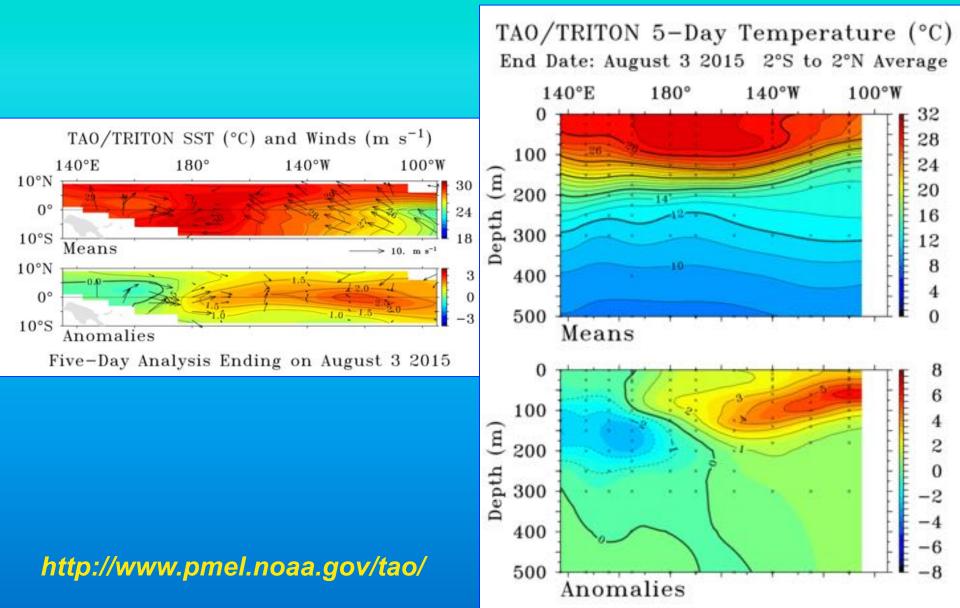


Current Conditions

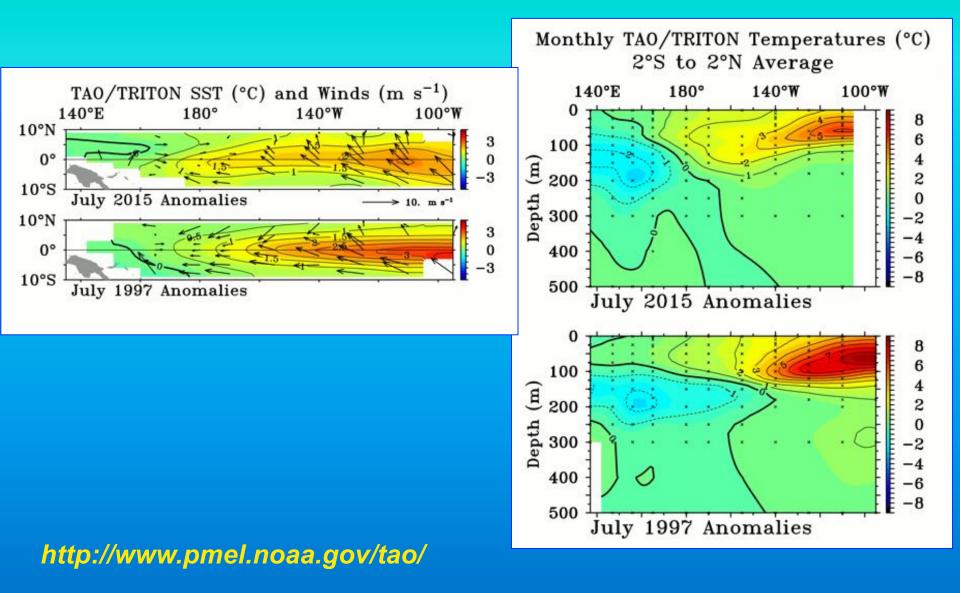


http://www.pmel.noaa.gov/tao/

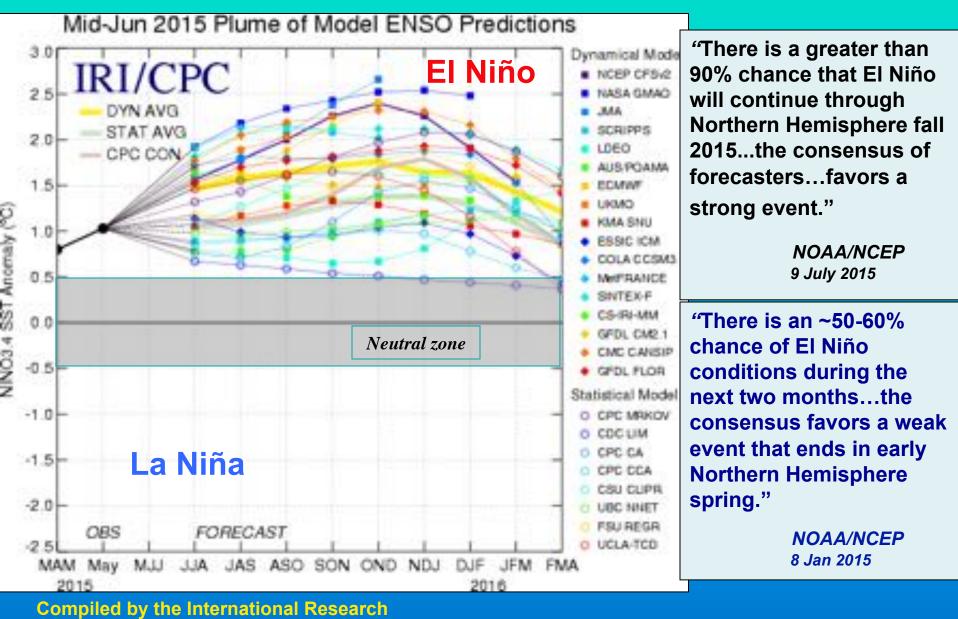
Current Conditions



July 2015 vs July 1997



Niño-3.4 Predictions: May 2015 Initial Conditions



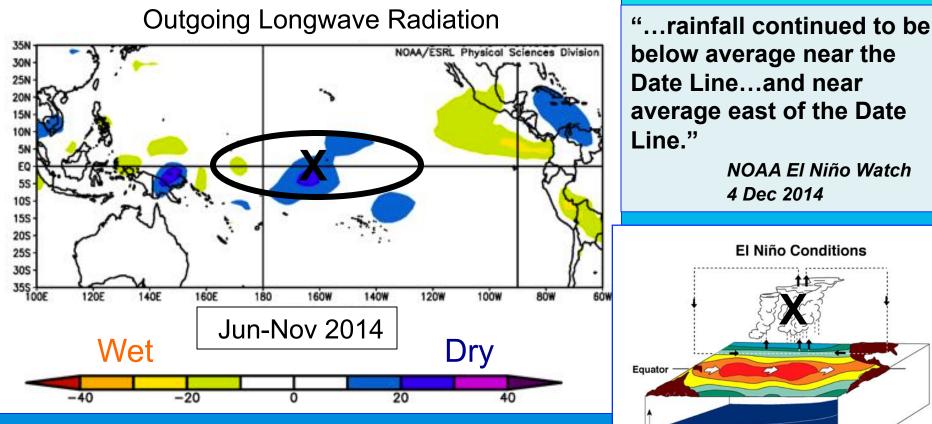
Institute for Climate and Society (IRI)

Questions

1. Who killed the big 2014 El Niño?

2. How did it rise from the dead in 2015?

Atmosphere is not Engaged! No Organized Persistent Deep Convection Near Dateline

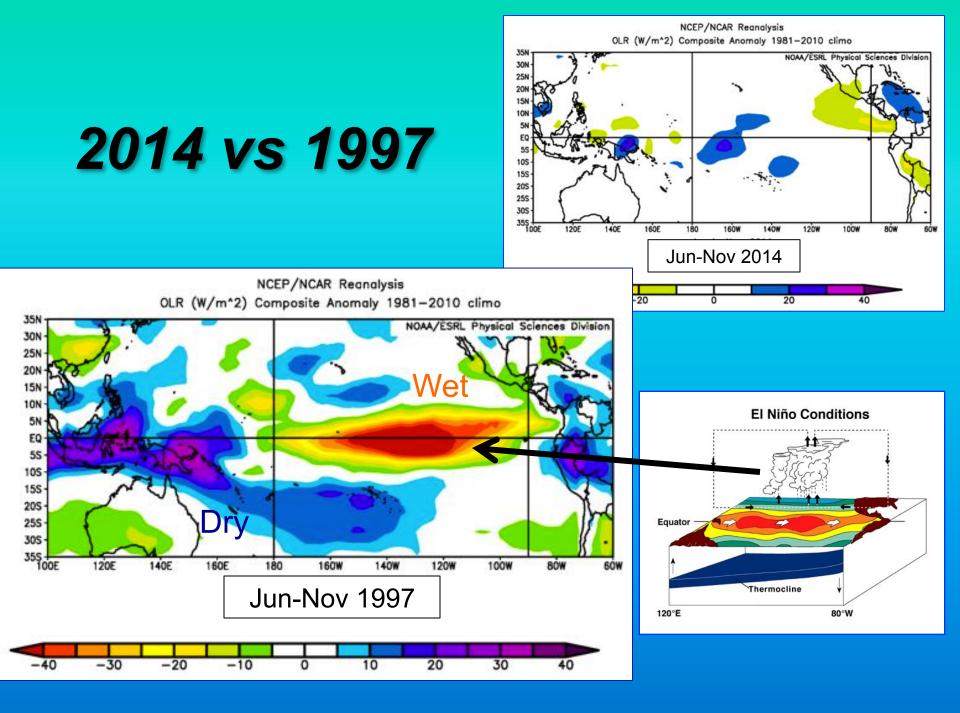


Thermocline

80°W

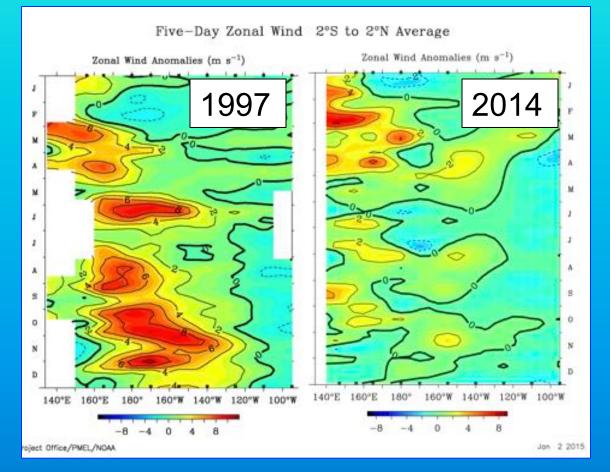
120°E

Outgoing Longwave Radiation: An indicator of deep convection and heavy rainfall



Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño?

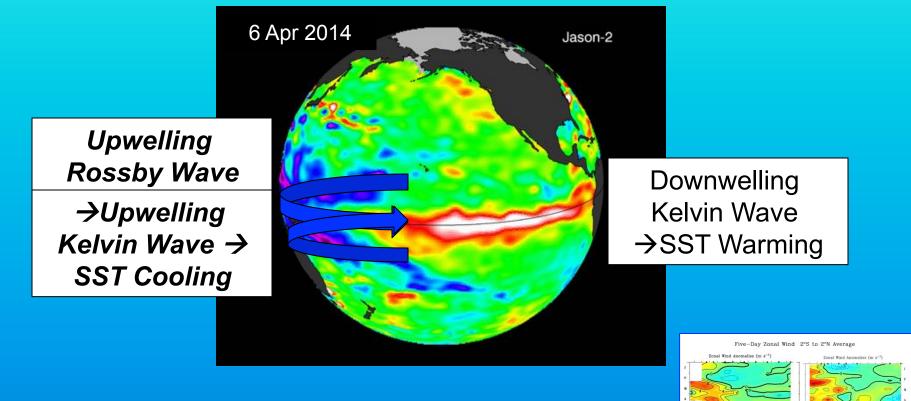
Westerly Wind Bursts Too Weak?



Menkes et al, 2014, GRL

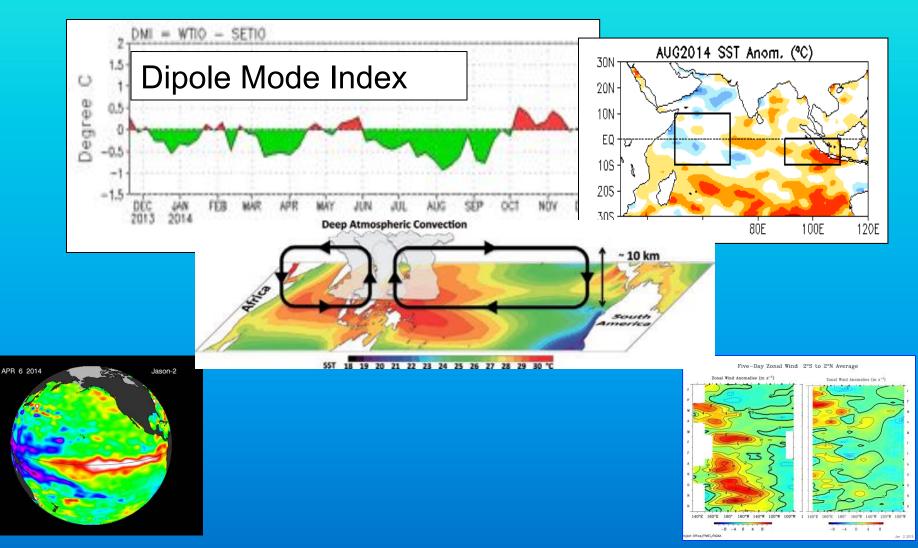
Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño?

Early Onset Negative Feedbacks?



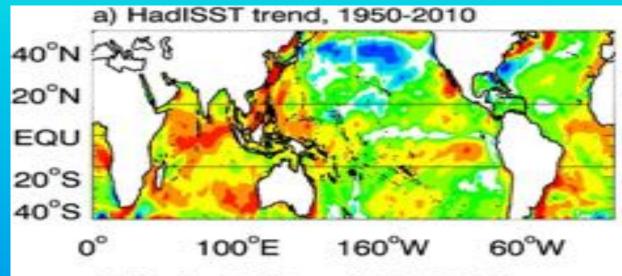
180* 160*¥ 140*¥ 120*¥

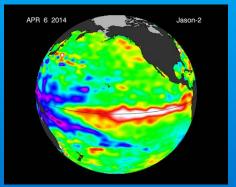
Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño? Negative Indian Ocean Dipole in 2014?

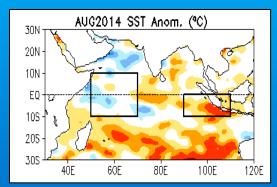


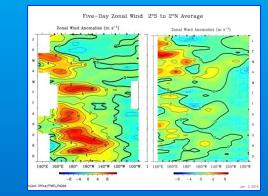
Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño?

Indo-Pacific Warm Pool Warming Trends? (Cravatte et al, 2009; Han et al 2014)





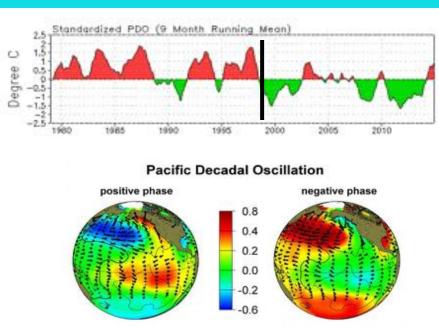


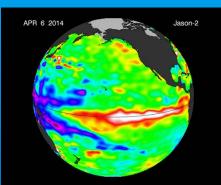


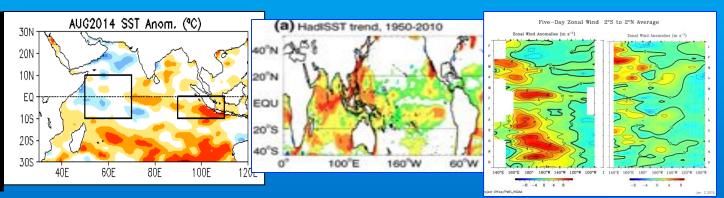
Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño? Cold Phase of PDO?

"...strengthening in Pacific trade winds over the past two decades unprecedented in observations..."

England et al, 2014







Who Killed the Big 2014 El Niño?

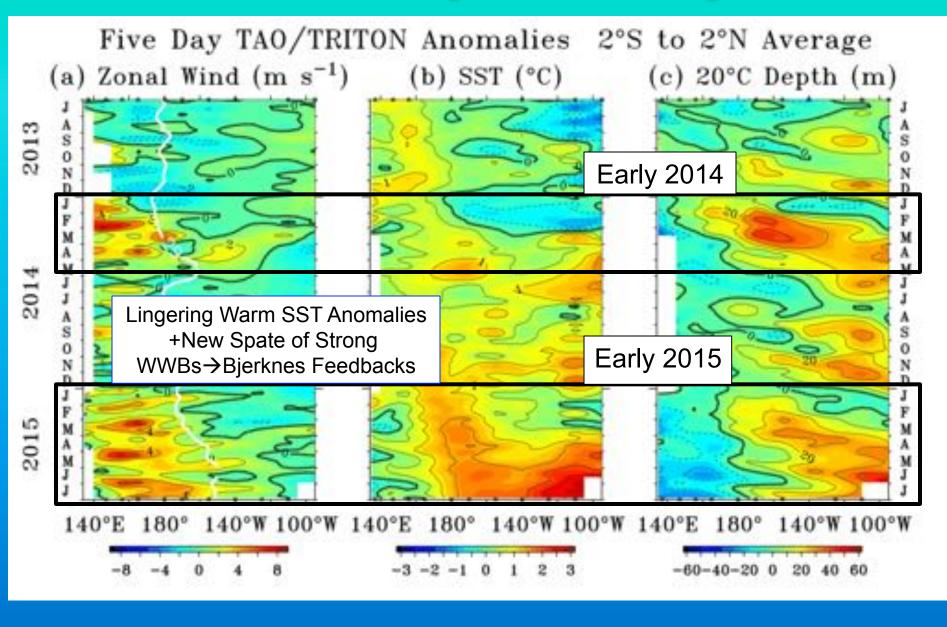


Questions

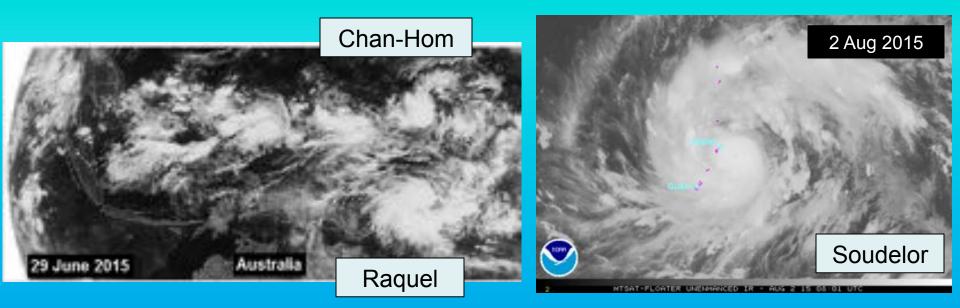
1. Who killed the big 2014 El Niño?

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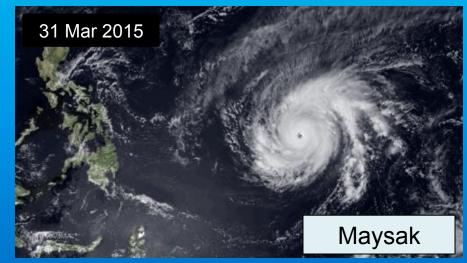
Evolution: July 2013-July 2015



WWBs Related to Unusual Cyclone Activity in 2015



Warm SSTs→ Cyclones→ WWBs→ Warm SSTs

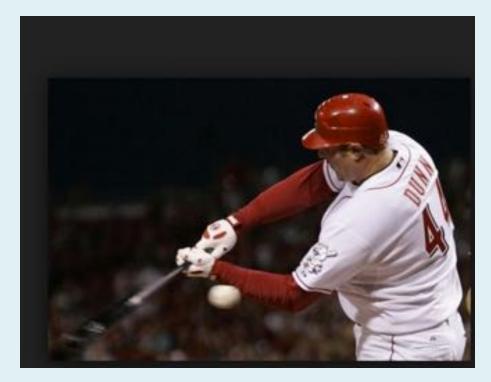


Team El Niño

Strike 1: Strong El Niño → Very Weak in 2014

Strike 2. Very Weak El Niño → Strong in 2015

Strike 3. Communications morass



"...collectively, the combined atmosphere and oceanic state remains ENSO-neutral."

NOAA 4 Dec 2014

But there were impacts...



India's 2014 monsoon ends with double-digit rain deficit Reuters 30 September 2014

"The four-month long monsoon season ended with 12 percent below average rainfall, making it the worst in five years"



A tale of two oceans: Pacific out-hurricanes Atlantic USA Today 6 November 2014

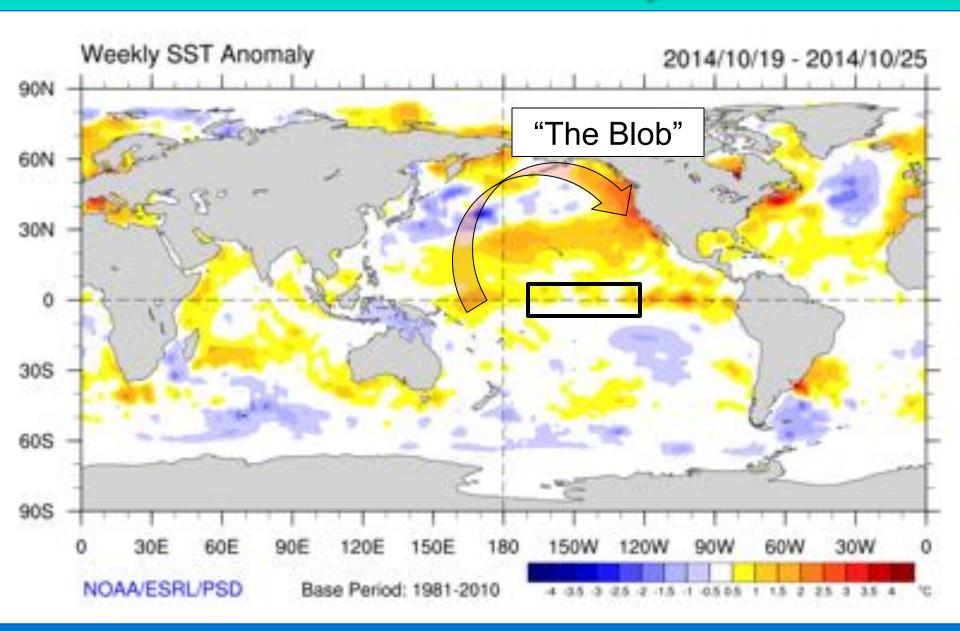


"...quiet Atlantic and active Pacific is typical of the El Niño-like pattern..."

Peru institute advises hold on fishing for second anchovy season Undercurrent News 7 October 2014

"The advice also took into account the effect of the El Niño...This is still a shock to the industry"

Global SST Anomaly



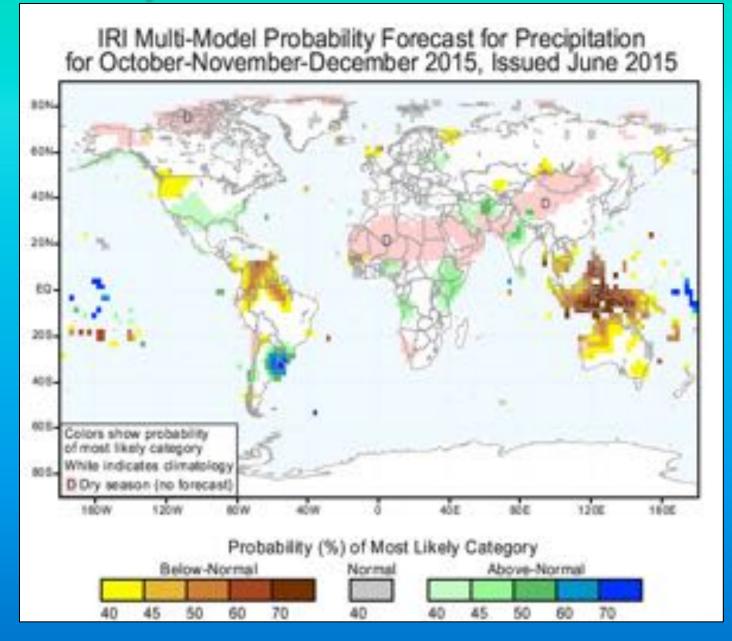
Issues

1. Understanding the physical processes accounted for the unusual evolution in 2014-15

2. Determining why forecasts were so wide of the mark

3. Characterizing ENSO in all its diversity

Precipitation Forecast for OND 2015



could cost

Northern California EN EL MUNDO **Global Impacts** Noticia El Niño emp 1997-98 El Niño Landslides

Early blooms

fropical fish move north with El Niño

N(20)R

\$1 billion Fatalities: 23,000 **Economic Losses: US\$ 36 Billion** Nino

Coast

No relief

in sight for

'Super typhoon' hits Saipan; winds recorded to 225 mph

Source: NOAA

ewing fires fe