

# Air-sea interaction and marine biogeochemical cycles

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Photo by Kelly Carmody

# Outline

## 1) Recent Advances

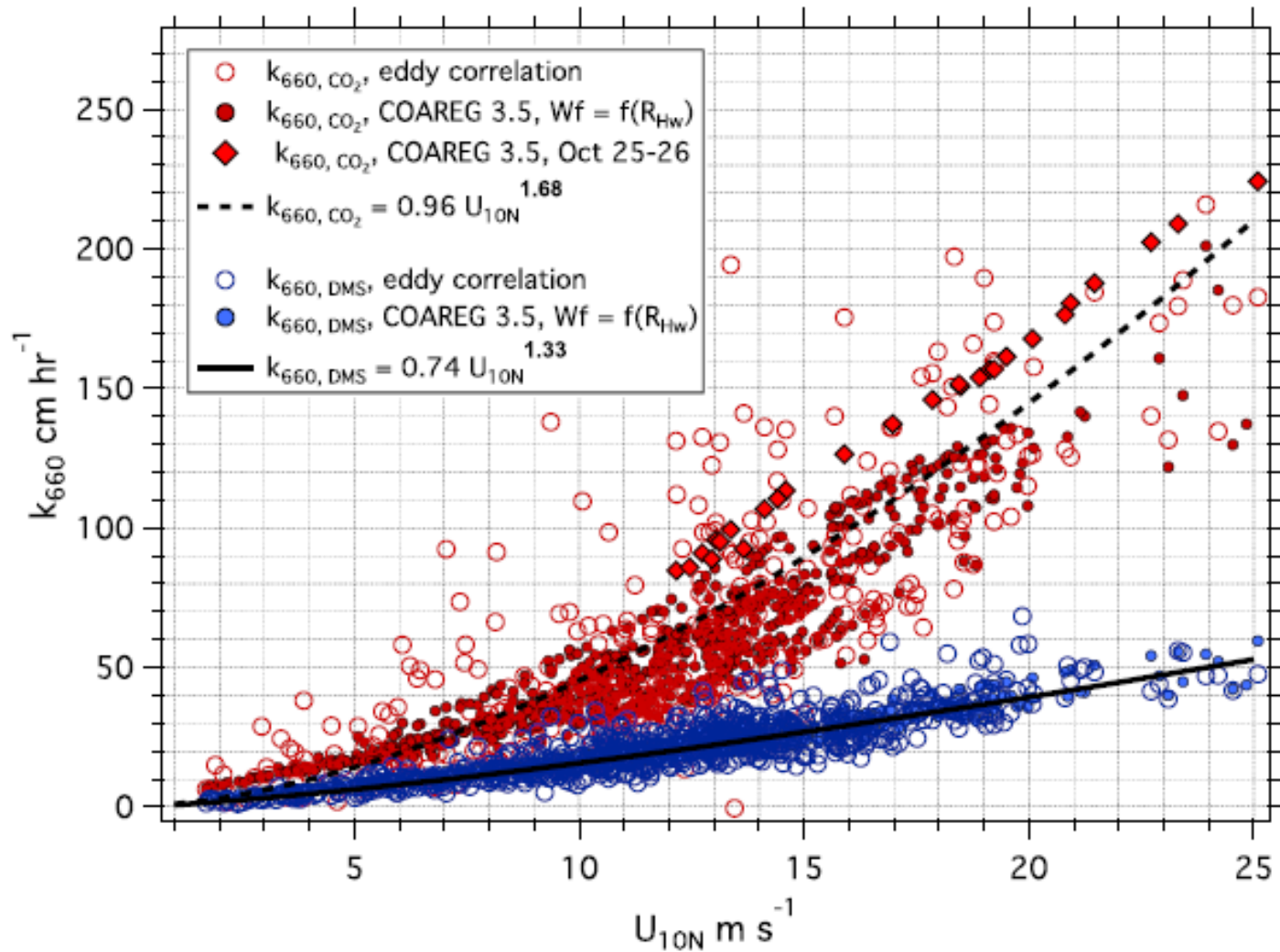
- a. Gas exchange and biogeochemical cycles
  - Role of bubbles
  - Processes in partially Ice-covered waters
- b. Aerosol solubility

## 2) Community Updates

## 3) Outstanding Questions

# Gas Exchange and Bubbles

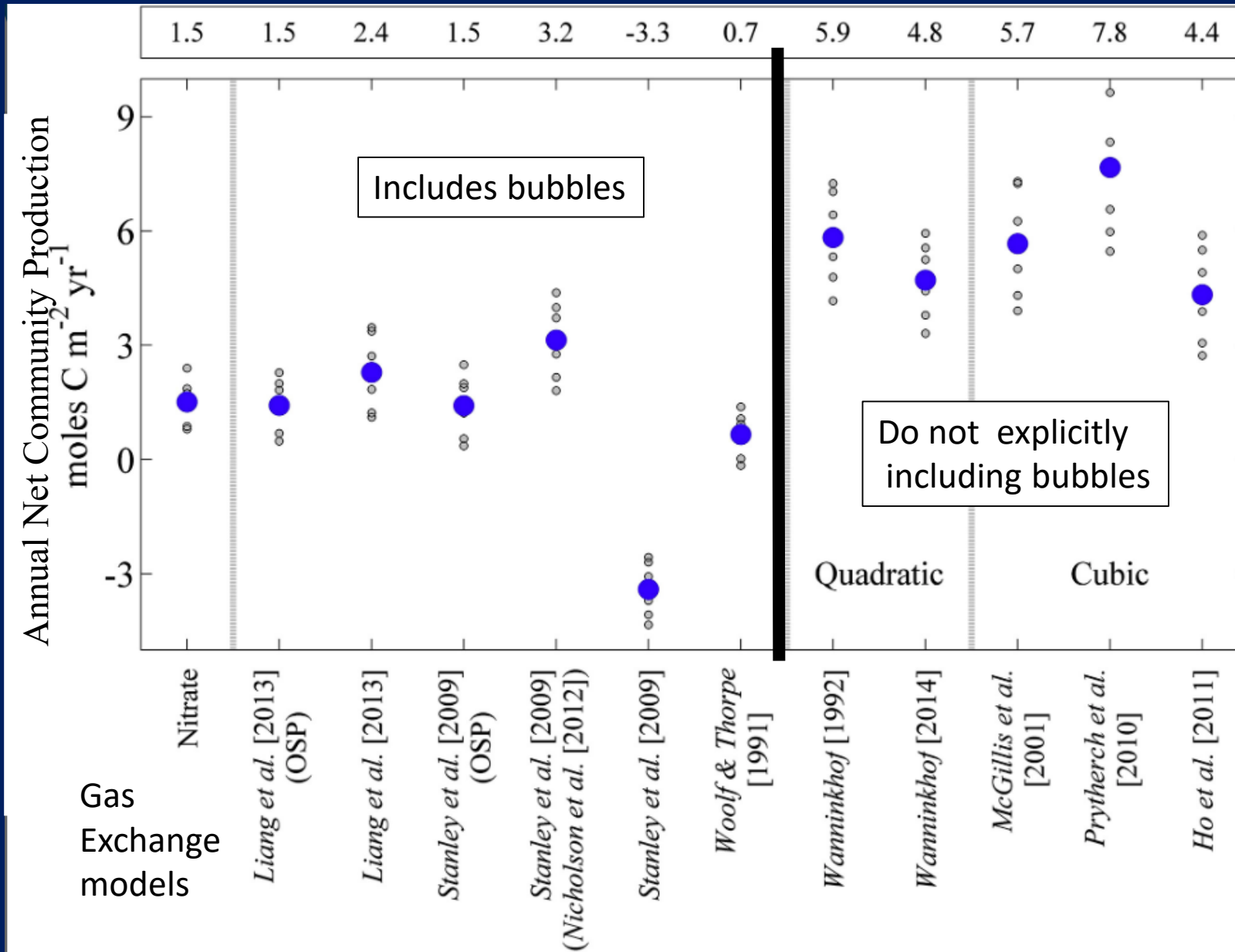
# Air-sea gas exchange



- Many parameterizations exist
- Only some of them explicitly include bubbles
- Example: COAREG parameterization vs. data for  $\text{CO}_2$  (red) and  $\text{DMS}$  (blue) during Hi-WinGS experiment

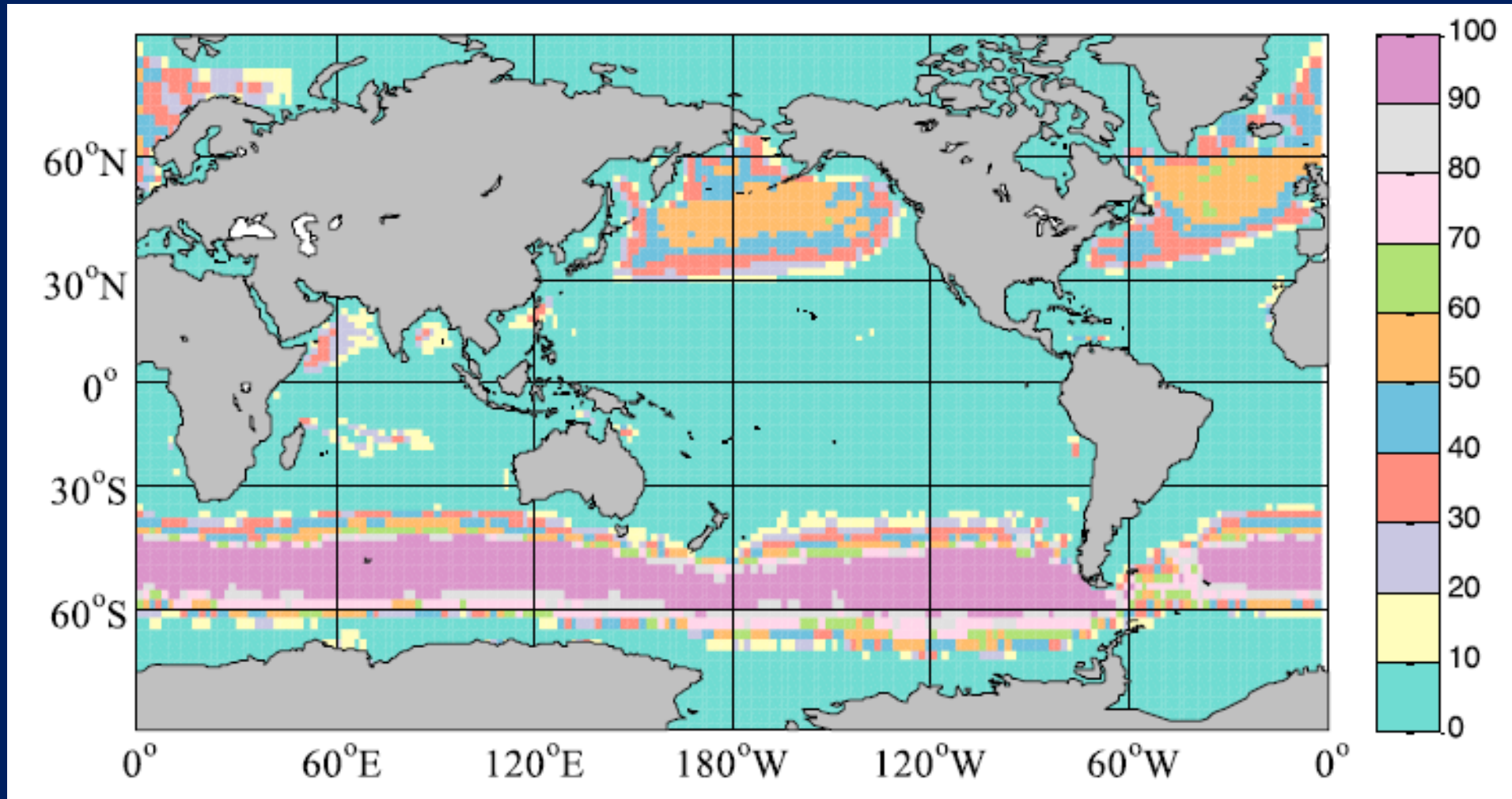
From Blomquist et al., 2017  
In JGR oceans

# Bubbles: Crucial for estimating biological production from O<sub>2</sub>



- Net Community Production (NCP) calculated from bio-Argo floats
- NCP calculated without explicit bubbles are factor of 2 higher

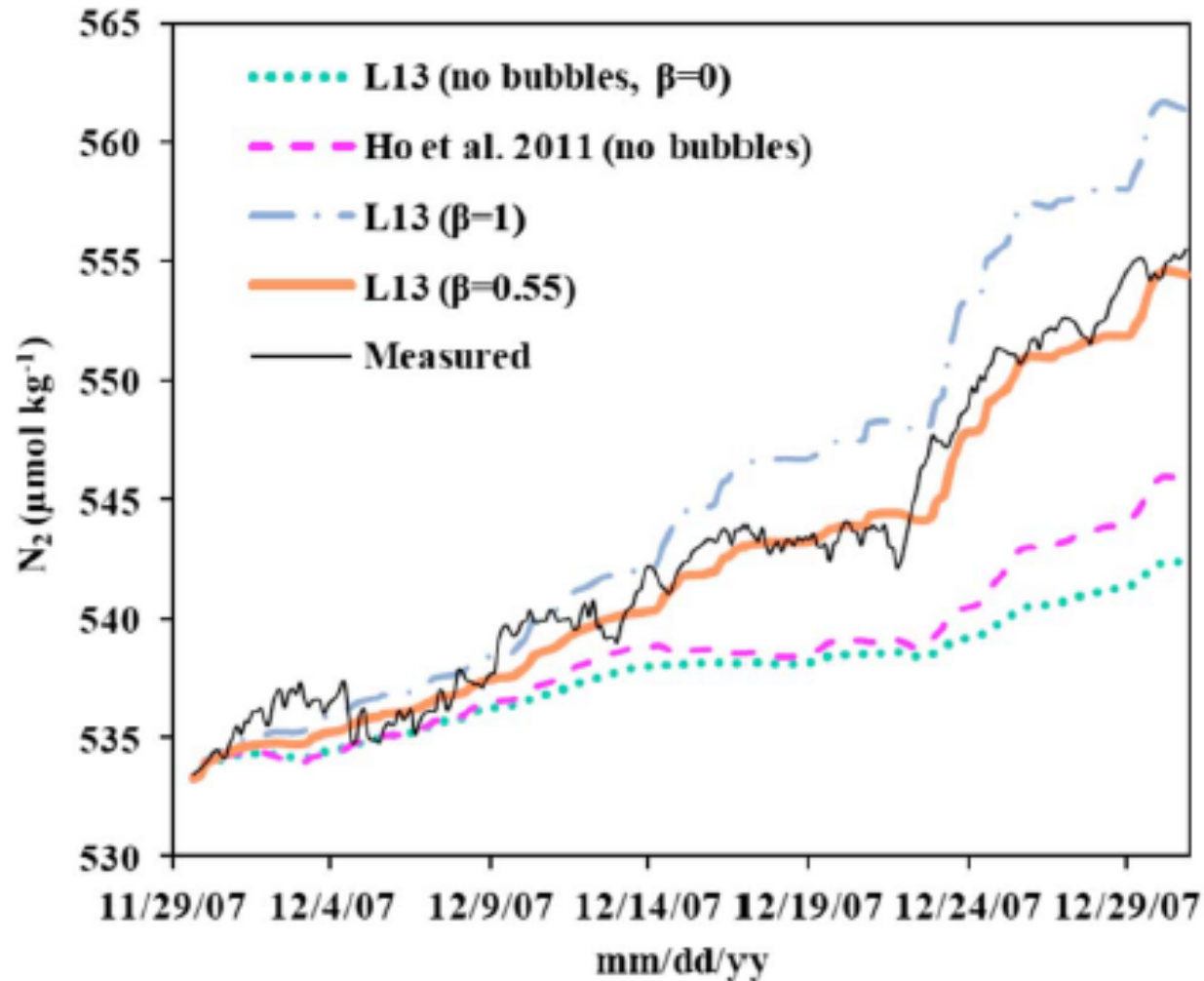
# Fraction of year when wind speed $> 10 \text{ m s}^{-1}$



Emerson et  
al. 2019  
JGR: Oceans



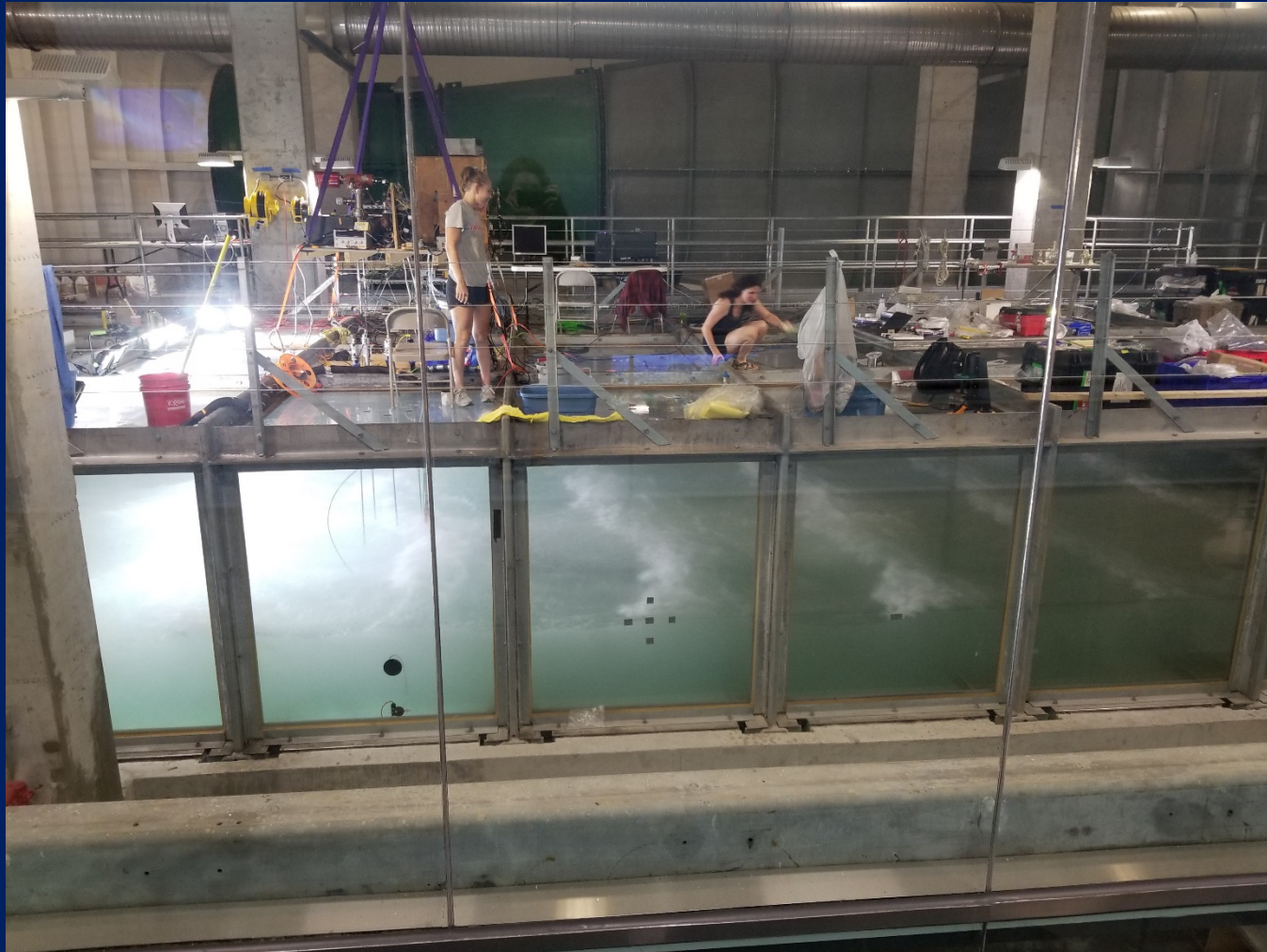
# Estimating bubble flux at Ocean Station Papa



- Mean wind speed  $\sim 10 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
- Measured  $N_2$  on mooring, 10 month-long periods within 10 years
- Data matched parameterization best when 30 to 50% of expected Liang et al. 2013 bubble flux included

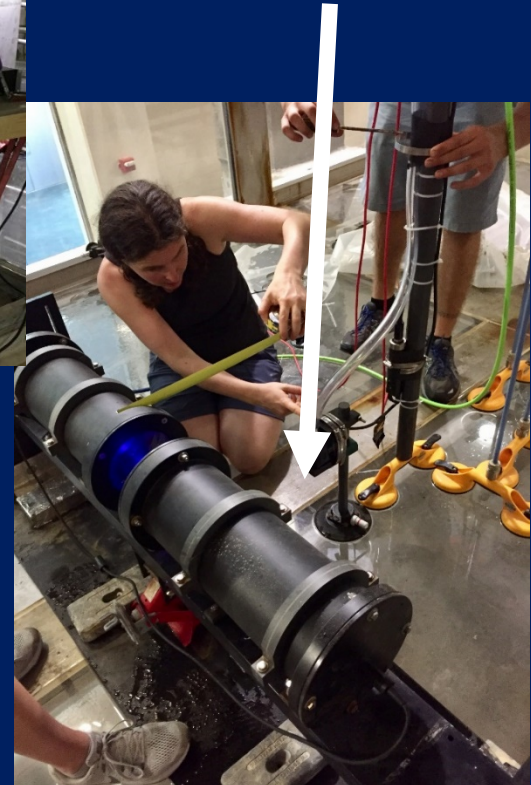
# What about higher wind speeds? $U_{10} > 20 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

- Experiment at SUSTAIN wind-wave tank at University of Miami



Mass Spectrometer

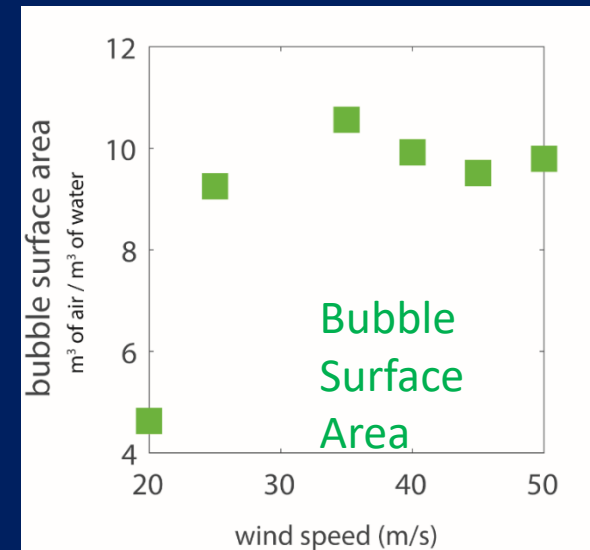
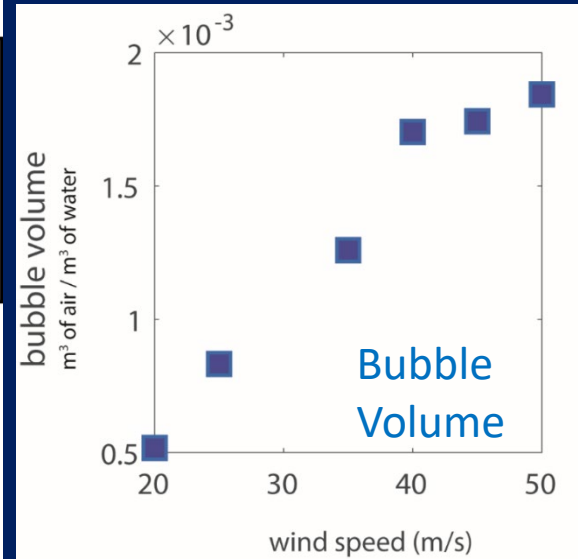
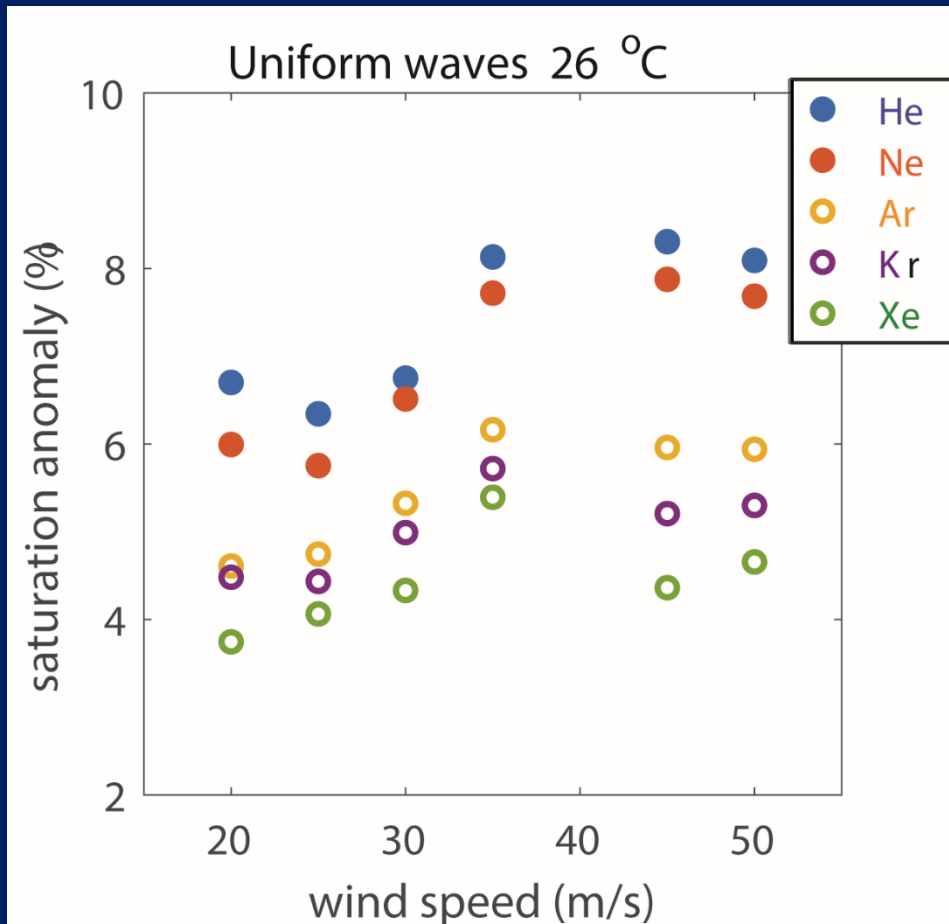
Bubble Imager





# Effect of bubbles on gas saturation anomalies

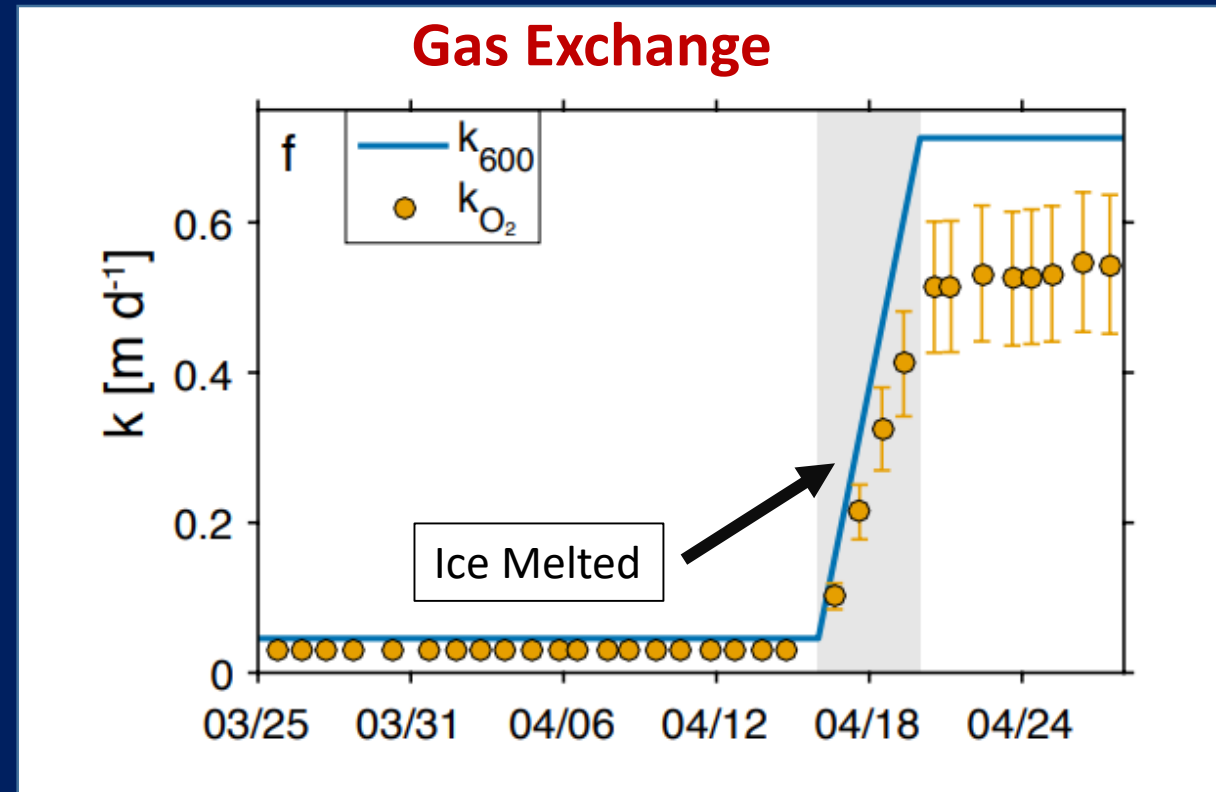
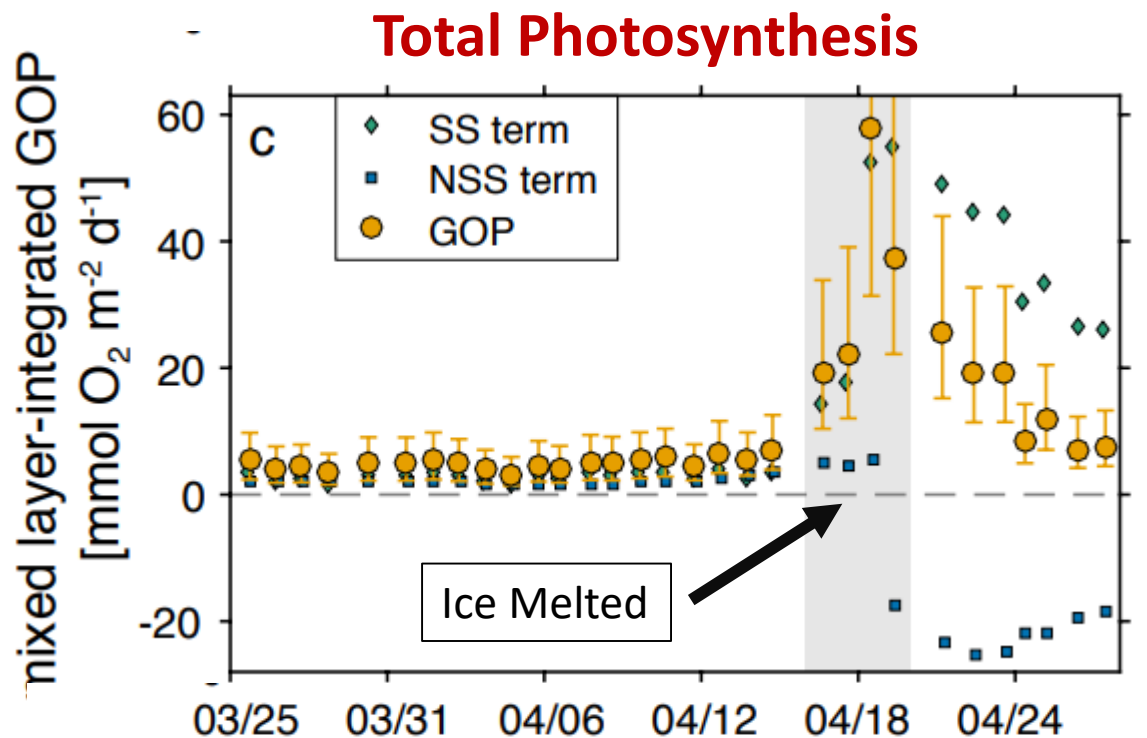
- Experiment at SUSTAIN wind-wave tank at University of Miami
- Flattening off of bubble supersaturation at high wind speeds



# Effects of Ice Melt

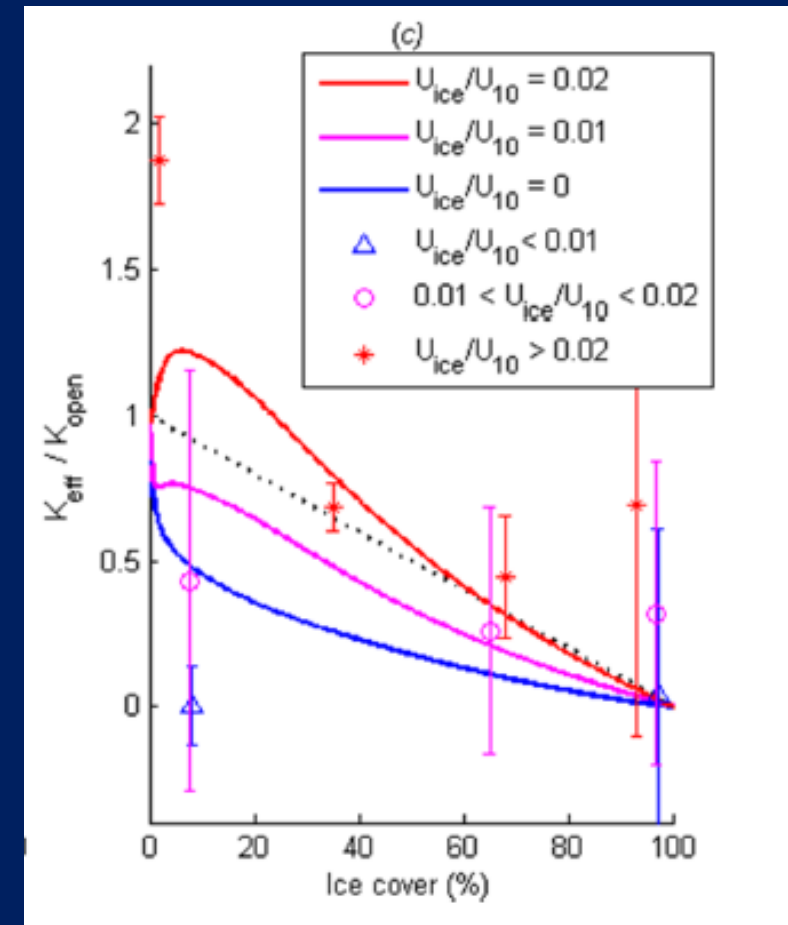
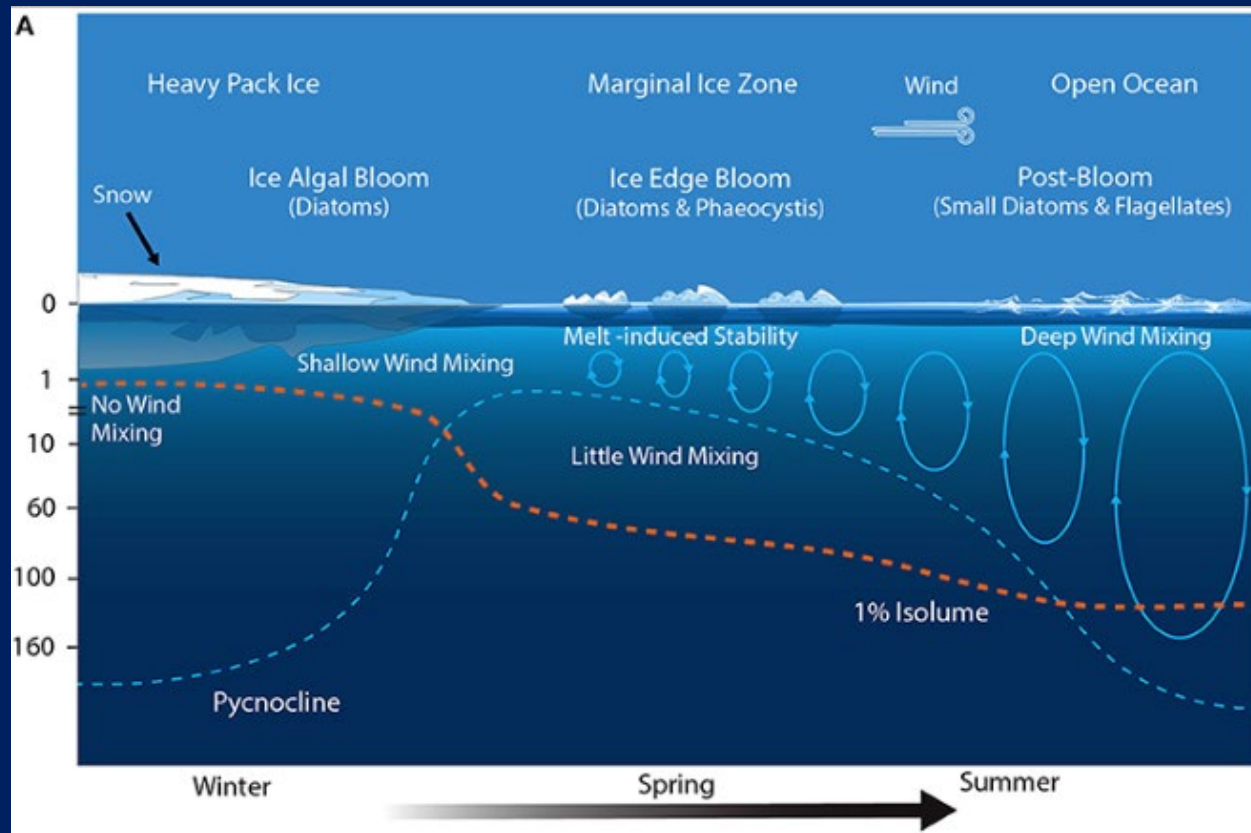
# Biological production and gas exchange as ice melts

- Study in Bras D'Ors Estuary, Canada shows peak in Gross Oxygen Production (GOP), due to photosynthesis, as sea ice melts.
- Gas exchange increases dramatically as ice melts



# Marginal Ice Zone: Productivity and gas exchange

- CO<sub>2</sub> build-up due to respiration during ice-covered months
- Enhanced gas exchange when ice melts
- Enhanced primary production – heat fluxes affecting ice & light penetration

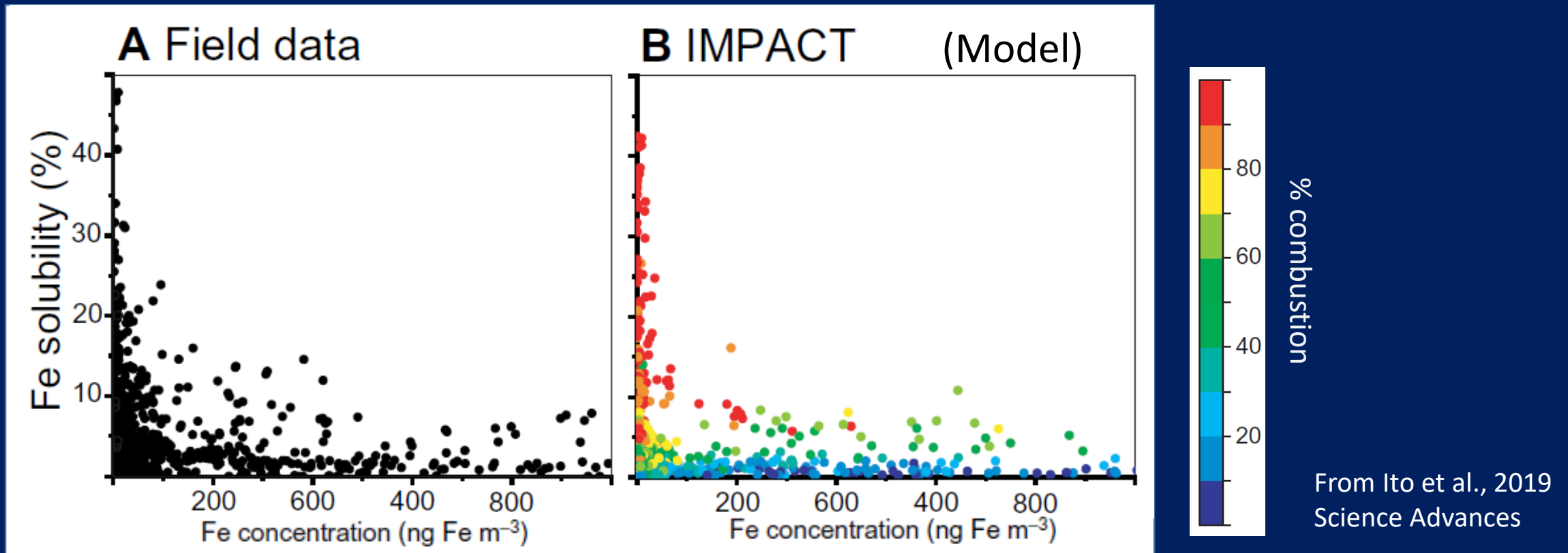




# Aerosol Solubility

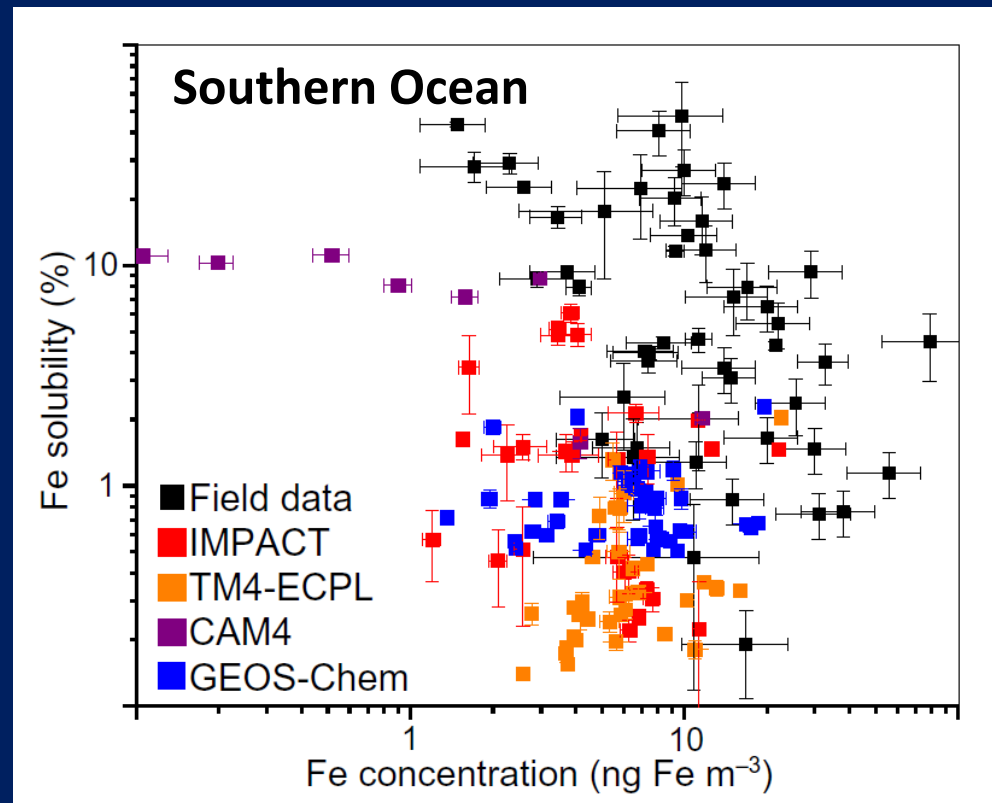
# Aerosol Solubility

- Aerosol iron solubility depends on pyrogenic iron fraction and iron concentration
- But even including those factors, models underestimate by factor of 15 in the Southern Ocean (better match other basins)



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From Ito et al., 2019  
Science Advances

# Community Updates



# Ocean Atmosphere Interaction Subcommittee

- Subcommittee of Ocean Carbon Biogeochemistry (OCB)
- Focus is on ocean-atmosphere interactions and their role in marine biogeochemical cycles



Rachel Stanley



Tom Bell



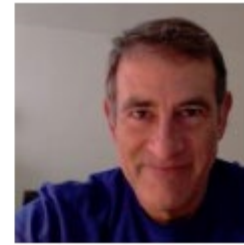
Yuan Gao



Kate Mackey



Nicholas Meskhidze



Bill Miller



Cassandra Gaston



David Ho



Dave Kieber



Henry Potter



Penny Vlahos



Patricia Yager

<https://www.us-ocb.org/about/ocb-subcommittees/subcommittee-on-ocean-atmosphere-interactions/>



Ocean Carbon  
& Biogeochemistry



# Upcoming workshop

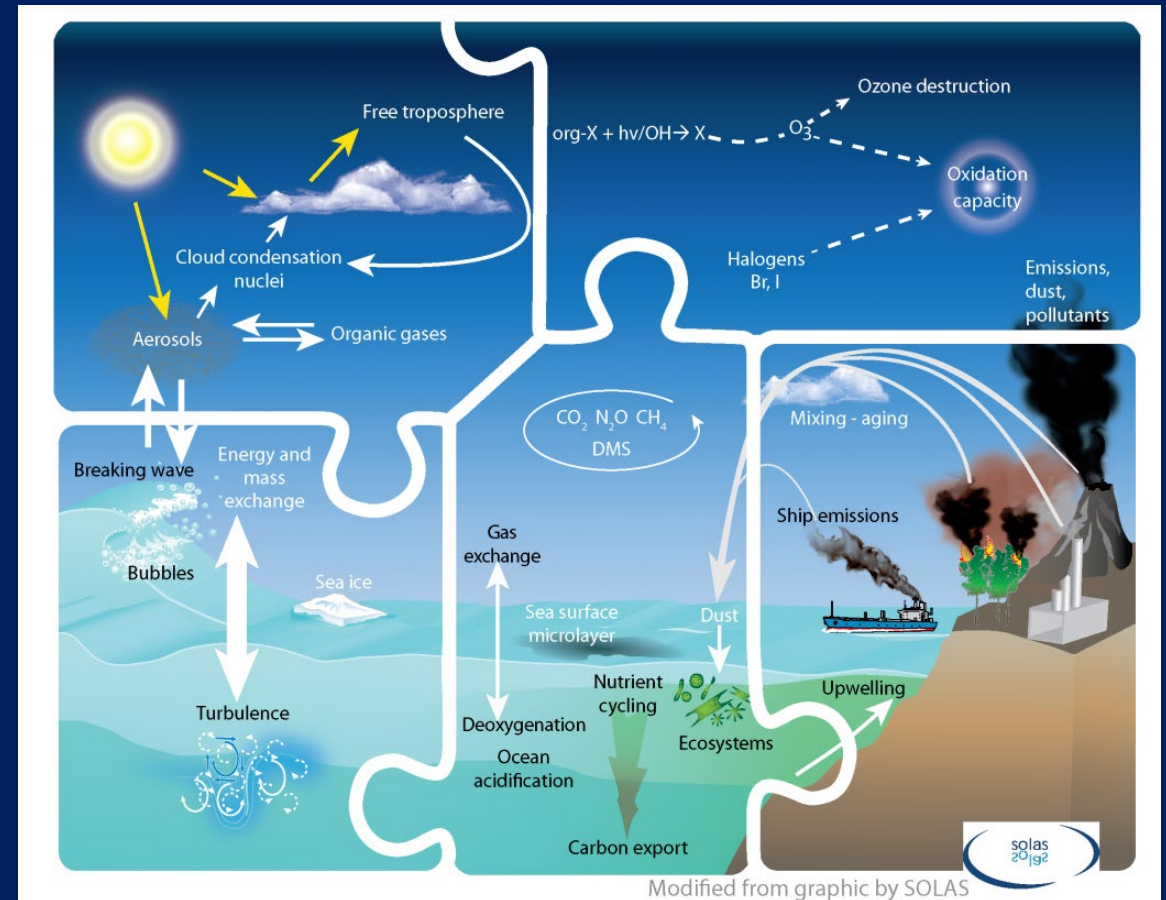
## OCB Ocean-Atmosphere Interactions: Scoping directions for U.S. research

October 1-3, 2019 (Sterling, Virginia, USA)

- Workshop will identify research priorities, produce US-SOLAS science plan, and facilitate communication
- Registration closed but we would still like your input!

<https://web.whoi.edu/air-sea-workshop/>

Email [rachel.stanley@wellesley.edu](mailto:rachel.stanley@wellesley.edu) or [hbenway@whoi.edu](mailto:hbenway@whoi.edu) with your ideas



# SOLAS Open Science Conference, April 2019



## For Event Report:

[http://solas-int.org.customers.tigertech.net/files/solas-int/content/downloads/Activities/OSC/OSC%202019/SOLAS%20Event%20Report Issue%2014 OSC2019.pdf](http://solas-int.org.customers.tigertech.net/files/solas-int/content/downloads/Activities/OSC/OSC%202019/SOLAS%20Event%20Report%20Issue%2014%20OSC2019.pdf)





# Outstanding Questions on Air-Sea Interactions and Biogeochemical Cycles

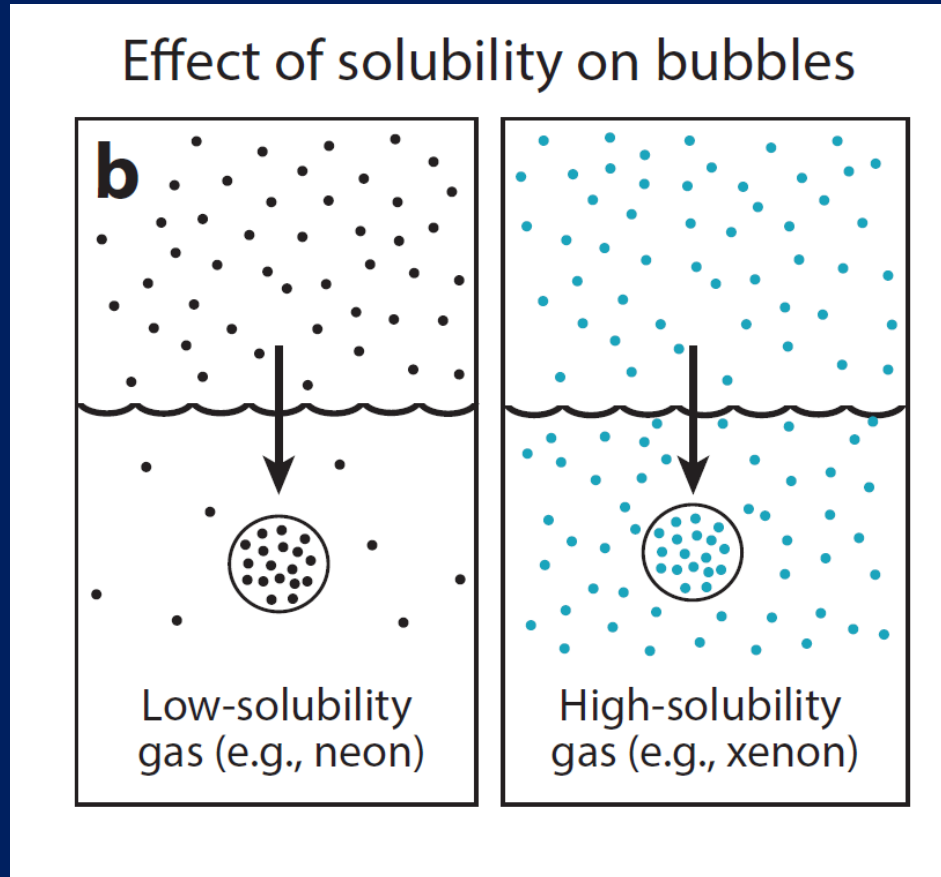
- How best to model fluxes of gas exchange for bioactive gases in non-standard environments – coastal systems, with surfactants, high winds, etc.?
- What properties of marine aerosols are important for modulating oceanic primary production and biogeochemical cycles of carbon and other elements?
- What will the effects of ocean deoxygenation be on biogeochemical cycles of carbon and nitrogen and on marine biota?
- How will changes in stratification – driven by changes in heat flux – affect upper ocean primary productivity in different regions?
- For many processes: What are expected changes? important feedbacks? tipping points?

For more, see white paper that will be produced by the upcoming OCB Ocean Atmosphere Interaction Workshop!



Extra Slides

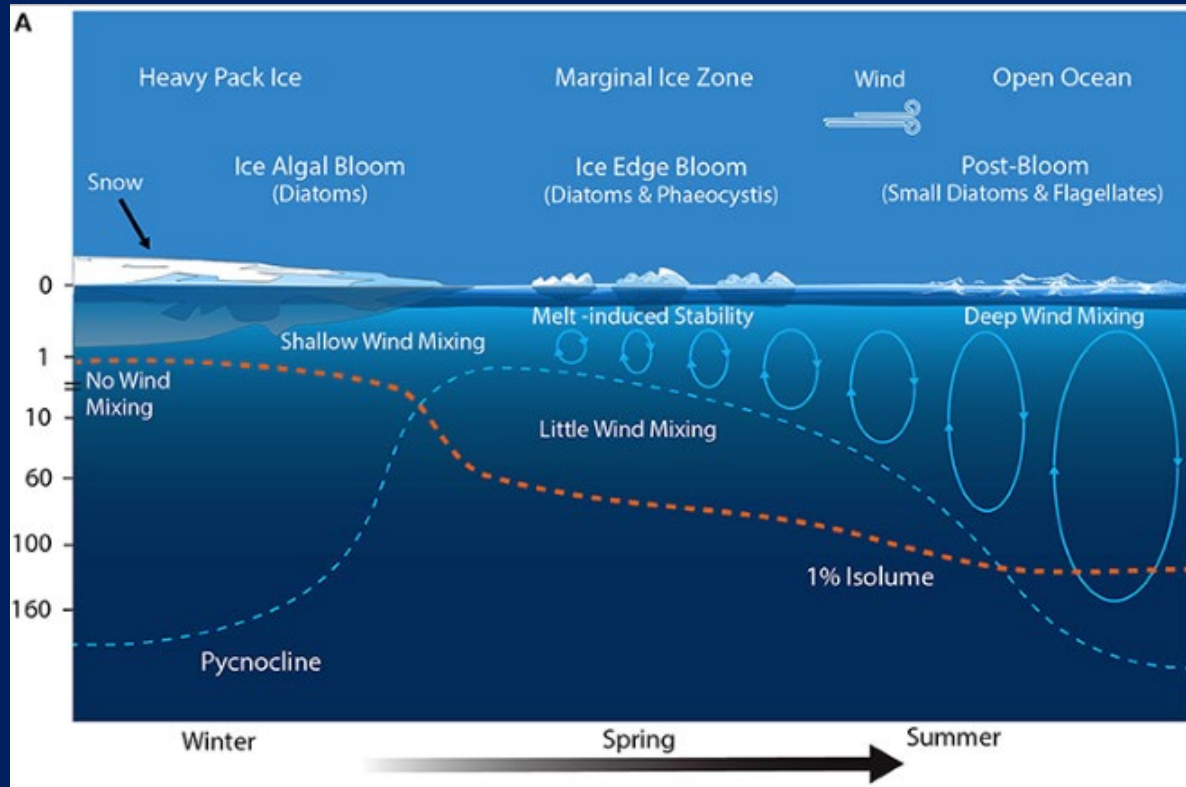
# Effect of bubbles on gas saturation anomalies



- Bubbles serve as direct conduit for gas exchange, especially for lower solubility gases ( $O_2$ , noble gases, sometimes  $CO_2$ )

# Marginal Ice Zone Processes

## Present



## Future

