Bathymetry-aware mesoscale eddy parameterizations

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Eddies export nutrients off the Eastern Boundary Upwelling System, thus limiting marine productivity (Gruber et al. 2011).



75[°] S

 θ (°C)

Eddies drive heat fluxes toward the ice shelves of Antarctica, shaping the abyssal MOC (Thompson et al. 2018).





Retrograde versus Prograde



Retrograde or upwelling

Prograde or downwelling

Wang and Stewart (2020); Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

Retrograde versus Prograde



Eddy and mean properties: <u>Prograde</u>



Prograde or downwelling

Wei, Wang, Mak, and Stewart (2022); Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

<u>Scaling of eddy buoyancy diffusivity: Prograde</u>

$$K_{\text{GEOM}} = \alpha \frac{\sqrt{Ri}}{f_0} E,$$

The "GEOMETRIC" theory (e.g. Marshall et al. 2012; Mak et al. 2022)

Scaling of eddy buoyancy diffusivity: Prograde



<u>Scaling of eddy buoyancy diffusivity: Prograde</u>

$$\begin{split} K_{\text{GEOM}} &= \alpha \frac{\sqrt{Ri}}{f_0} E, & \text{The "GEOMETRIC" theory}\\ (\text{e.g. Marshall et al. 2012; Mak et al. 2022}) \\ &\downarrow & \text{Nonlinear eddy growth rate} \\ \frac{f_0^2}{Ri} \cdot K_{\text{GEOM}} &= \alpha \cdot \overline{\sigma_{\text{E}}} \cdot E \equiv [2\sigma] \cdot E, \\ \text{Normalized Eady growth rate:} \quad \sigma_{\text{E}} = f_0 / \sqrt{Ri} \\ \sigma / [0.31 \cdot \sigma_{\text{E}}] \sim \mathcal{F}_{\text{GEOM}}(S) \\ \\ \mathcal{S} &= \left\langle \left| \frac{\partial H}{\partial y} \right| \frac{1}{|H|} \int_{-|H|}^0 \frac{N}{f_0} dz \right\rangle & \text{The slope Burger number dependence} \\ (\text{e.g. Brink, 2012; 2016; Brink and Cherian, 2013; Hetland, 2017; Chen et al, 2020).} \end{split}$$

<u>Scaling of eddy buoyancy diffusivity: Prograde</u>



Scaling of eddy buoyancy diffusivity: Prograde



Convert scaling into <u>eddy closure</u>: <u>Prograde</u>



Convert scaling into eddy closure: Prograde



Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

Convert scaling into <u>eddy closure</u>: <u>Prograde</u>



Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

Convert scaling into <u>eddy closure</u>: <u>Prograde</u>



Parameterization: Prograde



Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

Parameterization: Prograde



Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)

Parameterization: Prograde





Wei, Wang, and Mak (2024)



Wang and Stewart (2018; 2020)



Dynamic ocean topography (cm)

Timmermans and Toole (2019)

Manucharyan and Isachsen (2019)



Timmermans and Toole (2019)

Manucharyan and Isachsen (2019)





(c)





$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}\overline{u} \simeq \operatorname{Forcing} + f_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\overline{v'b'}}{\overline{b}_z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \overline{v'u'}$$



Eddy Reynolds stress transfers momentum offshore

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}\overline{u} \simeq \text{Forcing} + \left[f_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\overline{v'b'}}{\overline{b}_z}\right) - \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \overline{v'u'}\right)\right]$$

Depth-integral gives (under equilibrium)

Eddy Reynolds stress transfers momentum offshore

$$\psi_{\rm EMF} + \psi_{\rm GM} \simeq \psi_{\rm Ekman} + \psi_{\rm Residual}$$



Depth-integral gives (under equilibrium)

Eddy Reynolds stress transfers momentum offshore





No slope dependence

$$\kappa_{\text{Geom}} = \gamma_{\text{Geom}} \frac{\sqrt{Ri_{\text{loc}}}}{f_0} (\text{EKE} + \text{EPE}),$$

Wang and Stewart (2020)





No slope dependence

$$\kappa_{\mathrm{MLT}} = \gamma_{\mathrm{MLT}} \sqrt{2 \cdot \mathrm{EKE}} \cdot \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{Rh}},$$

Wang and Stewart (2020)



(a) Original and (b) slope-aware forms of the MLT-based scaling vs κ_{θ} .

$$\kappa_{\rm MLT} = \gamma_{\rm MLT} \sqrt{2 \cdot \rm EKE} \cdot L_{\rm Rh}, \qquad \delta = \frac{\rm bottom \ slope}{\rm isopycnal \ slope}$$
$$\gamma_{\rm MLT} = \gamma \left[\delta_{\rm loc} + \frac{1}{\delta_{\rm loc} + \Gamma} \right] \qquad (e.g. \ lsachsen, 2011)$$

Wang and Stewart (2020)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\overline{v'u'} \sim \mathcal{K}_q \cdot \beta_{\text{topog.}}, \quad \mathcal{K}_q \equiv C_{\text{eddy}}\frac{\text{EKE}}{f_0}\Big|_{\text{Barotropic}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\overline{v'u'} \sim \mathcal{K}_q \cdot \beta_{\text{topog.}}, \quad \mathcal{K}_q \equiv C_{\text{eddy}}\frac{\text{EKE}}{f_0}\Big|_{\text{Barotropic}}$$
$$\frac{1}{v'u'} \sim \text{EKE}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\overline{v'u'} \sim \mathcal{K}_q \cdot \beta_{\text{topog.}}, \quad \mathcal{K}_q \equiv C_{\text{eddy}}\frac{\text{EKE}}{f_0}\Big|_{\text{Barotropic}}$$
$$\frac{1}{v'u'} \sim \text{EKE}$$

Consistent with barotropic "GEOMETRIC" (Hoskins et al., 1983; Marshall et al., 2012):

$$M = \frac{\overline{v'^2 - u'^2}^z}{2}, \quad N = \overline{u'v'}^z,$$
$$M^2 + N^2 \le \text{EKE}$$
$$N = \gamma_m E \sin 2\phi_m \cos^2 \lambda,$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\overline{v'u'} \sim \mathcal{K}_q \cdot \beta_{\text{topog.}}, \quad \mathcal{K}_q \equiv C_{\text{eddy}}\frac{\text{EKE}}{f_0}\Big|_{\text{Barotropic}}$$
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 $M^2 + N^2 \le \text{EKE}$

$$N = \gamma_m E \sin 2\phi_m \cos^2 \lambda,$$

Resembling "selective decay" of 2D topographic turbulence (Bretherton and Haidvogel, 1976):



He and Wang (2024)

 $\overline{v'u'} \sim \text{EKE}$



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\overline{v'u'} \sim \text{EKE}
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Convert scaling(s) into eddy.closure(s): Retrograde



Convert scaling(s) into eddy.closure(s): Retrograde









Xie, Wei, and Wang (2024)









Impact of parameterized eddy momentum forcing: <u>Retrograde</u>



Impact of parameterized eddy momentum forcing: Retrograde



Xie, Wei, and Wang (2024)







Physics-based eddy.closure(s): Retrograde 2D runs



Physics-based eddy.closure(s): 3D coarse-grid "raw" flow



Acceptable stratification, wrong jet structures.

Physics-based eddy.closure(s): 3D coarse-grid "raw" flow



Acceptable stratification, wrong jet structures.

Physics-based eddy.closure(s): Retrograde3D.runs









Physics-based eddy.closure(s): 3D coarse-grid parameterized flow



Physics-based <u>eddy closure(s)</u>: 3D coarse-grid parameterized flow



Summary

- <u>Prograde</u> frontal systems are theorized and parameterized via GEOMETRIC adapted by an analytical function of the slope Burger number controlling efficiency of eddy buoyancy fluxes.
- <u>Retrograde</u> frontal systems are forced jointly by eddy buoyancy and momentum fluxes; the former can be quantified using a range of GM-based scalings, adapted via analytical functions of the topographic slope parameter.
- <u>Eddy momentum fluxes</u> across retrograde fronts depend linearly on eddy energy, and echo with barotropic eddy PV fluxes theorized in 2D topographic turbulence, driving prograde undercurrents.
- <u>Machine learning approaches</u> can augment physics-based, bathymetry-aware mesoscale eddy parameterizations by constraining eddy energy or/and forcing online.
- <u>Scale separation</u> may exist between eddy buoyancy and momentum forcing, which alludes to muting GM-based schemes but utilizing numerically-dissipated energy for driving subgrid-scale eddy momentum forcing in <u>eddy permitting regimes</u> across continental margins (*ongoing*).

Bathymetry-aware recipe (to be cont.):

[GM] Y. Wang, and A. L. Stewart, 2020, "Scalings for eddy buoyancy transfer across continental slopes under retrograde winds", Ocean Modelling, 147, 101579.

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[GM] H. Wei, Y. Wang, A. L. Stewart, and J. Mak, 2022, "Scalings for eddy buoyancy fluxes across prograde shelf/slope fronts", Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems, 14, e2022MS00322.

[Redi] C. Xie, H. Wei, and Y. Wang, 2023a, "Impact of parameterized isopycnal diffusivity on shelf-ocean exchanges under upwelling-favorable winds: offline tracer simulations augmented by artificial neural network", Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems, 15, e2022MS00342.

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[GM] H. Wei, Y. Wang, and J. Mak, 2024, "Parameterizing eddy buoyancy fluxes across prograde shelf/slope fronts using a slope-aware GEOMETRIC closure", Journal of Physical Oceanography, 54, 359–37.

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