Why is the ITCZ in the Northern Hemisphere? Role of the AMOC

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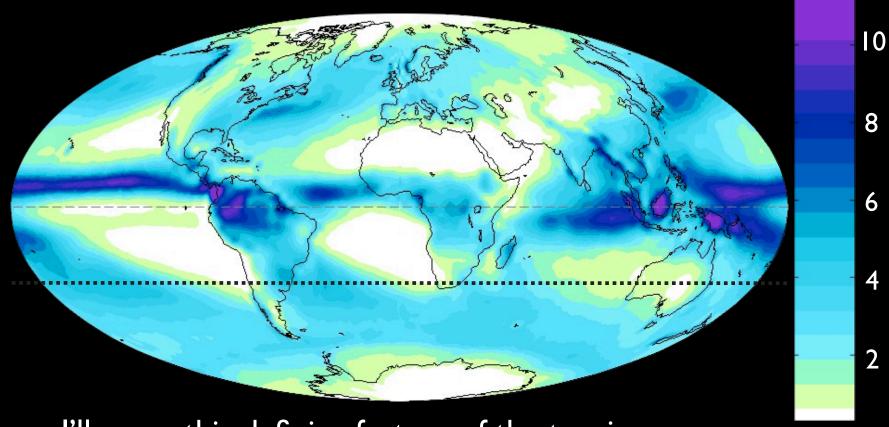
SARAH KANG
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AND OTHERS...

US AMOC SCIENCE TEAM MEETING, 9-9-14

Tropical rainfall clearly favors the NH





I'll argue this defining feature of the tropics is due to the AMOC

mm/day

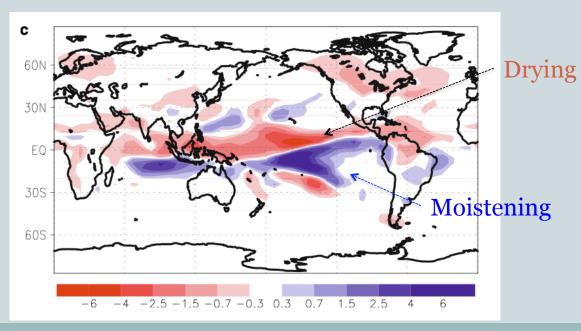
Outline

- Our theoretical framework
 - With some idealized model simulations mixed in
- Why is the ITCZ in the north?
 - An analysis of top-of-atmosphere radiative fluxes and ocean heat transports
 - **Is the NH or SH heated more?**
 - Model simulations with modified ocean heat transports

Main reference: Frierson, Hwang, Fučkar, Seager, Kang,
 Donohoe, Maroon, Liu, and Battisti, Nature Geoscience, 2013

ITCZ Response to High Latitudes

 Pioneering work by Chiang and Bitz (2005) showed strong sensitivity of ITCZ to high latitude sea/land ice in Last Glacial Maximum conditions



ITCZ shifts away from cooled NH

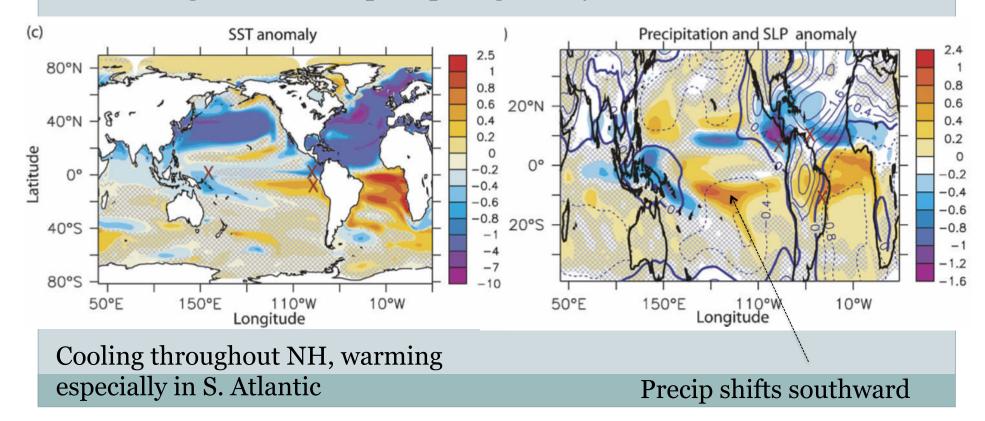
Paleoclimate data is consistent with such a shift

See also simulations by Broccoli et al

From Chiang and Bitz (2005)

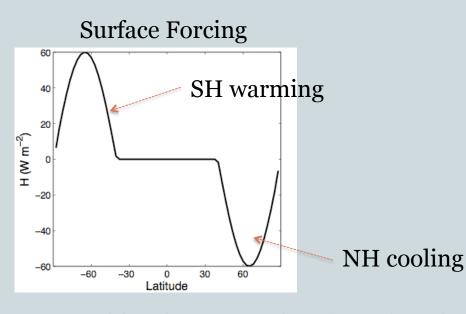
ITCZ Responds to Freshwater Hosing

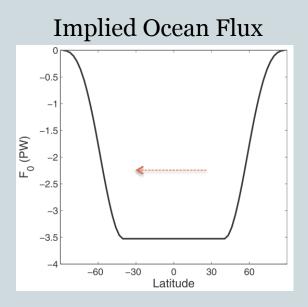
- Zhang and Delworth (2005) added a freshwater flux of 0.6 Sv to the N. Atlantic (55-75° N, 63° W-4° E)
 - Change in SST and precip (avg from yrs 21-60):



Our Studies of Extratropical Influences on ITCZ

- Sarah Kang's thesis (2009):
 - Idealized experiments on the effect of high latitude forcing on ITCZ location
 - Aquaplanet GCM (AM2) runs w/ idealized forcing:





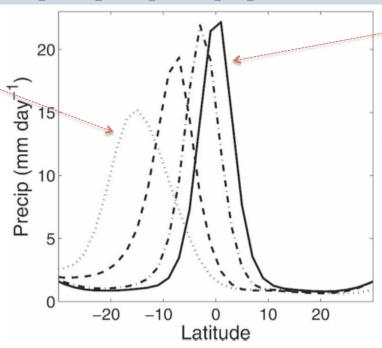
From Kang, Held, Frierson, & Zhao (2008) and Kang, Frierson & Held (2009)

ITCZ Changes

 In response to forcing, ITCZ precipitation shifts towards warmed hemisphere

With strong forcing, ITCZ shifts up to 18 degrees

Tropical precip in aquaplanet GCM



Control case: ITCZ located on the equator

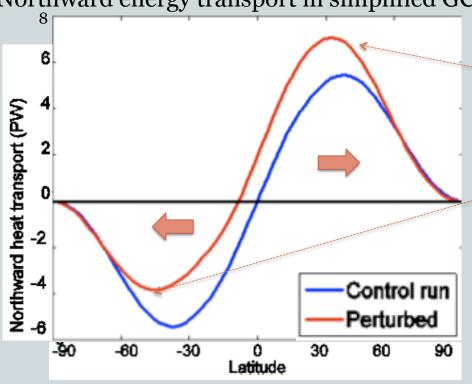
Maximum amplitude of forcing = 0, 10, 30, 60 W/m²

From Kang, Held, Fri., & Zhao (2008, J Clim) and Kang, Fri. & Held (2009, JAS)

Mechanism for ITCZ Response

We argue energy transport is of key importance

Northward energy transport in simplified GCM



Anomalous energy transport into cooled region

Less transport into warmed region

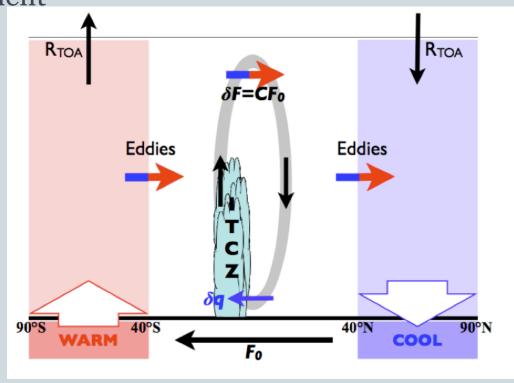
These act to spread cooling/warming into lower latitudes...

Mechanism for Energy Transport Change

Eddies modify fluxes in midlatitudes

 Quasi-diffusively: moist static energy transport proportional to moist static energy gradient

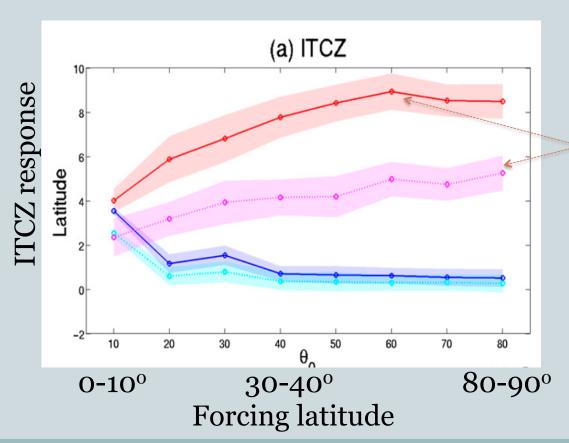
Anomalous Hadley circulation modifies fluxes in tropics



See Kang, Held, Fri., & Zhao (2008, J Clim) & Kang, Fri. & Held (2009, JAS) for more

Which Latitudes are Most Important?

Ocean forcing applied to different ranges of latitudes:



Largest response for **high latitude** forcing!

Clouds amplify the surface heating more at higher latitudes

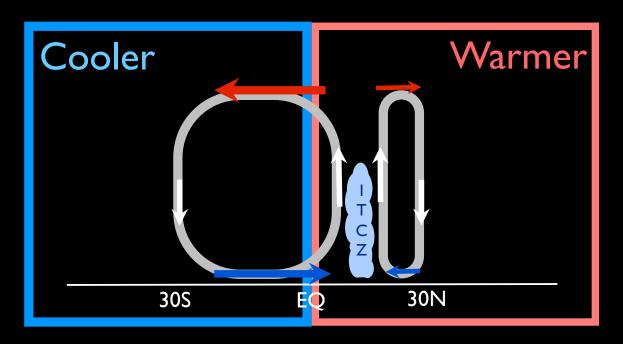
Seo, Kang and Frierson, 2014

Theoretical Framework Based on Energetics

- We predict tropical rain will shift towards the hemisphere with more heating
 - Heating not just at the **surface** though also SW/LW effects of **clouds**, & clear-sky SW/LW

 Let's examine the heating of the NH/SH at TOA, and at the surface

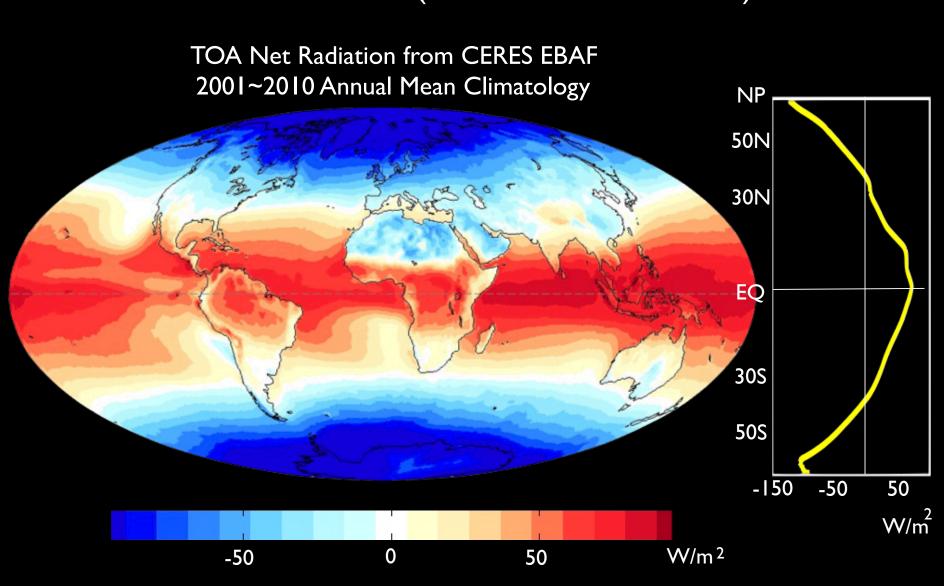
Claim: Whatever **heats** the NH atmosphere **more** than the SH also causes the ITCZ to be in the NH

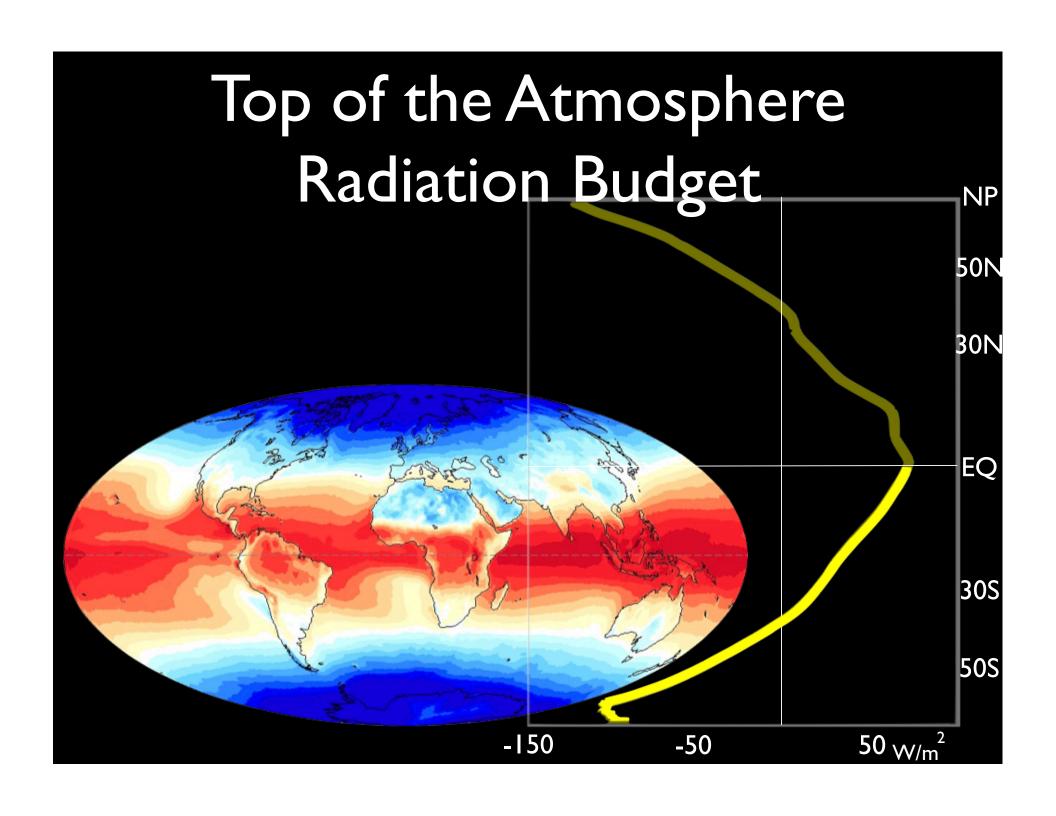


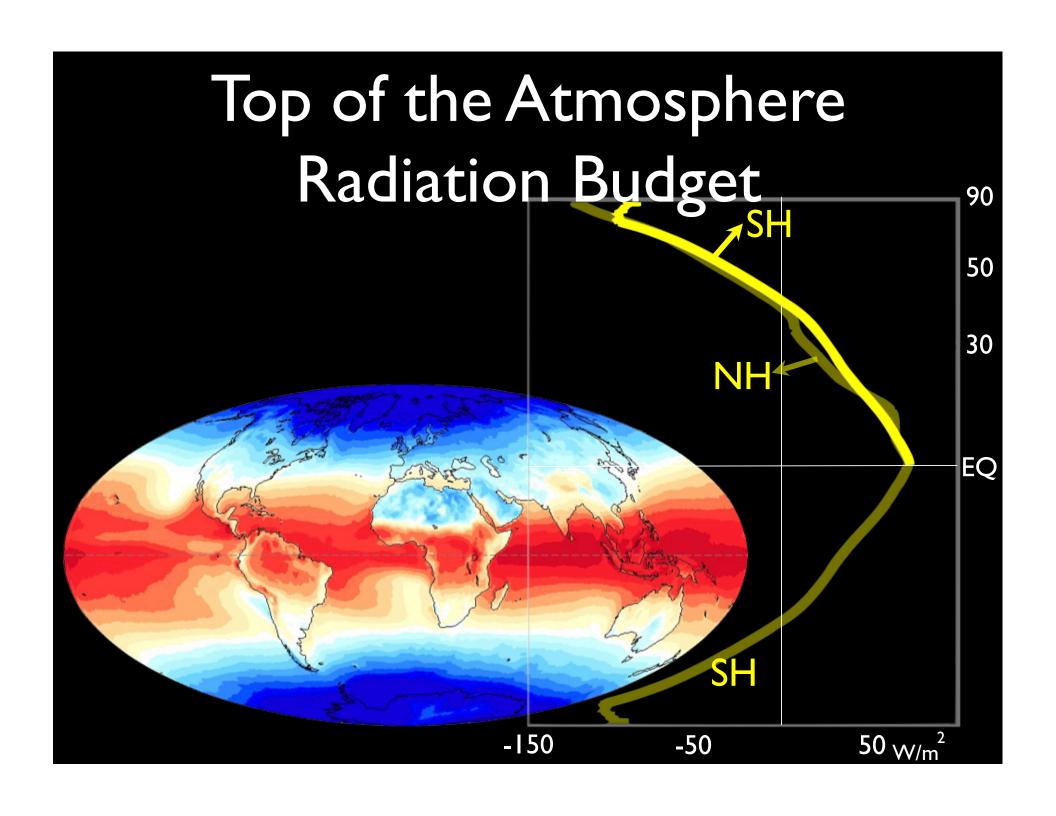
Studies that demonstrate southward cross-EQ energy transport in the atmosphere:

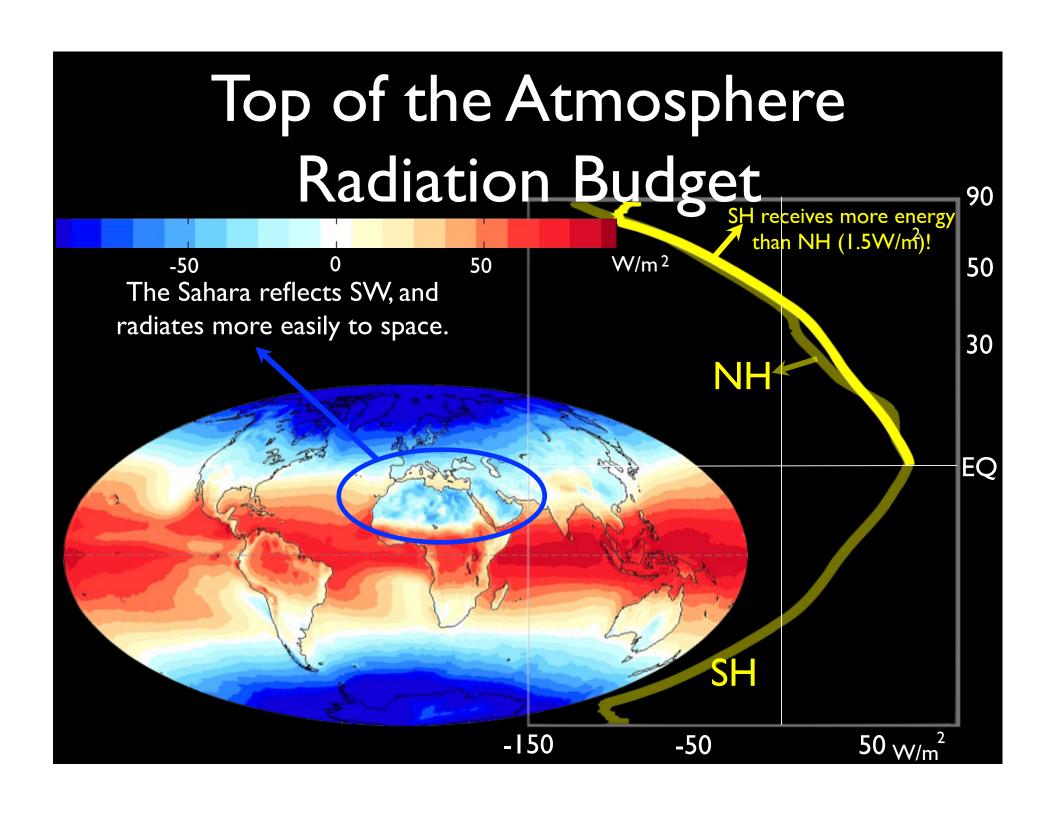
Fasullo and Trenberth 2008, Trenberth and Caron 2001

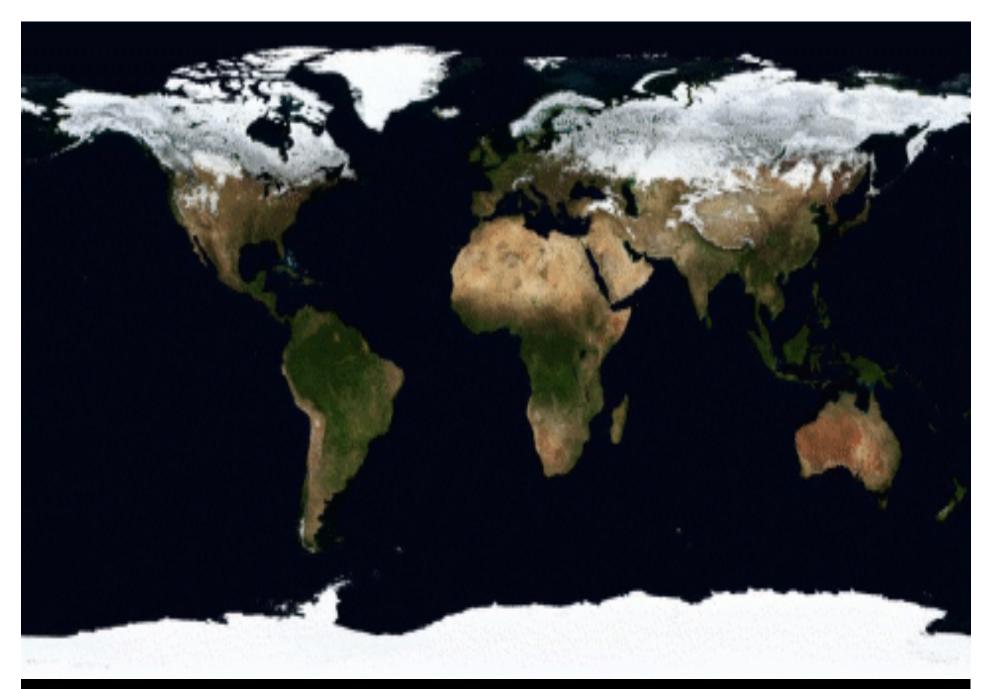
Top of Atmosphere Radiation Budget Net radiation (net SW minus OLR)











NASA Terra "Blue Marble Next Generation" (cloud-free conditions in 2004)

Recognized by Nimbus III Team

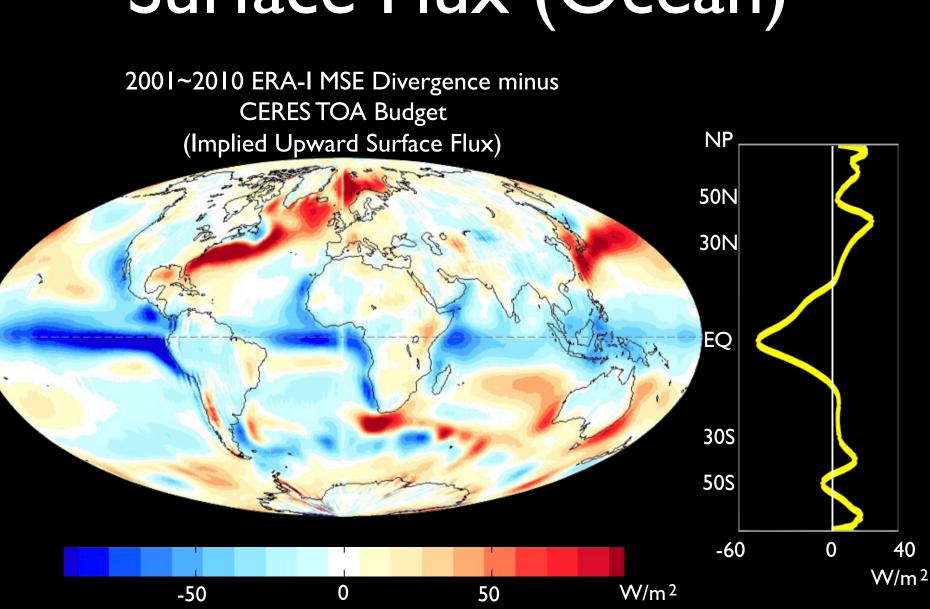
First observation that the Sahara is a net radiation sink, even in summer (I-I5 July 1969)

If not radiation, must be the ocean??



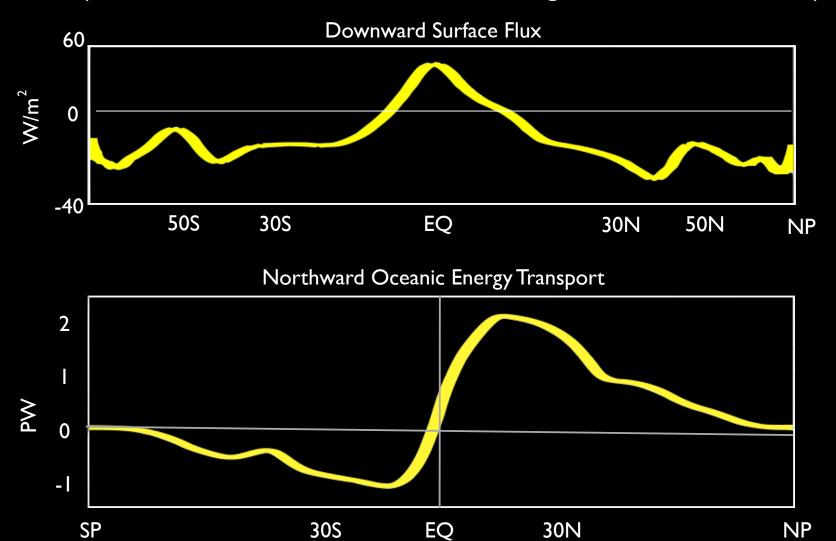
Figure 1. Net radiation at the top of the atmosphere (cal/cm²/min) measured from Nimbus III, 1-15 July 1969.

Surface Flux (Ocean)



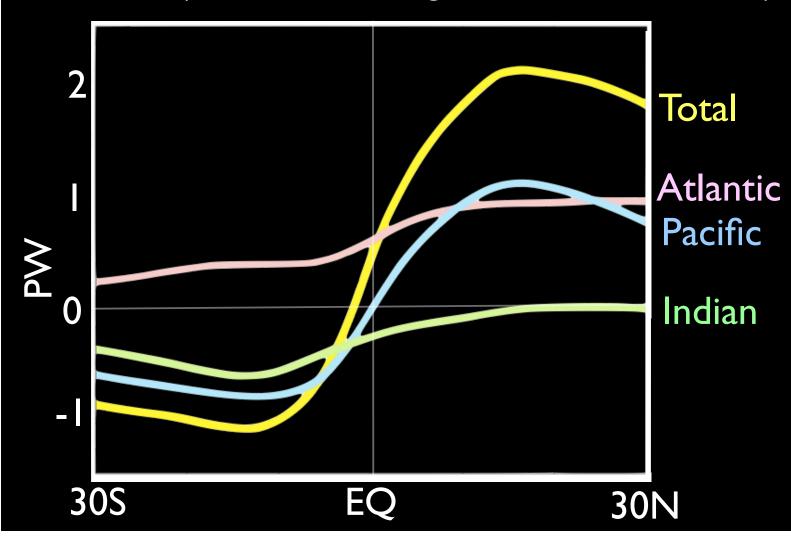
The Ocean Transports Energy Northward Across the Equator

(due to the Meridional Overturning Circulation, MOC)



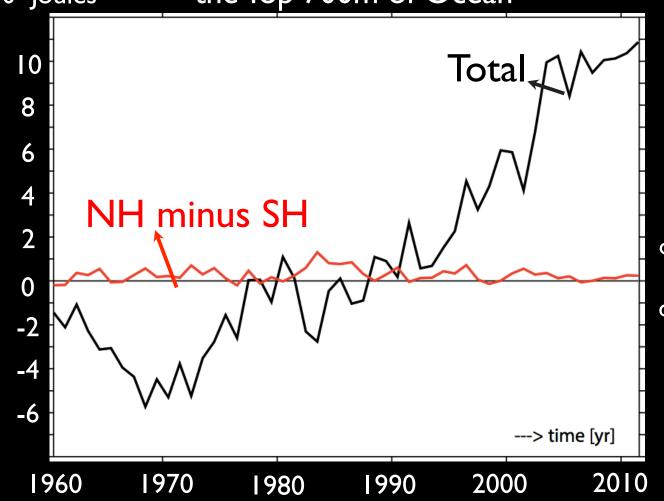
Cross-equatorial Transport Happens Entirely in Atlantic

(Where the Sinking from the MOC Occurs)



Ocean Heat Uptake?

Heat Uptake Over 10^{22} Joules the Top 700m of Ocean



Ocean heat uptake has been remarkably symmetric...

Data from top 2000m only available since 2005, and the NH minus SH difference is less than 0.4 x 10 Joules.

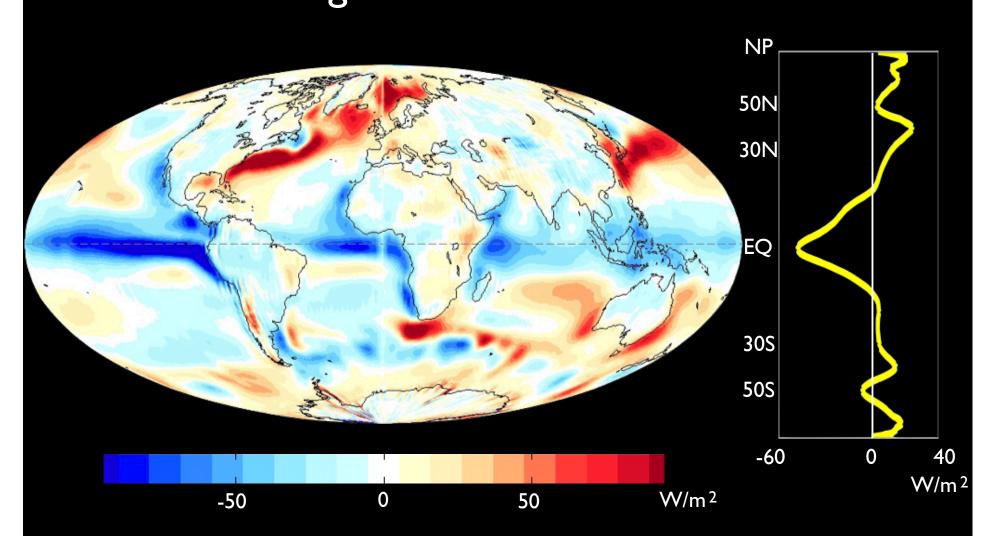
year

Data Source: NOAA/NEDIS/NODC Ocean Climate Laboratory

Ocean Heat Transport

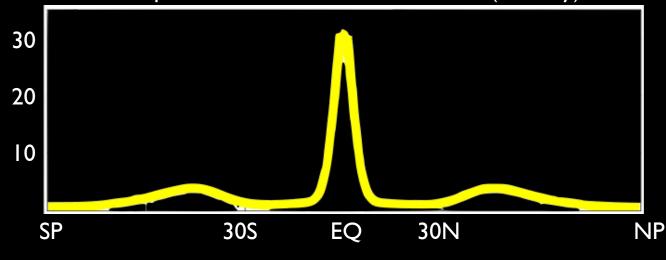
- Observational estimates suggest cross-equatorial ocean heat transport is plenty large enough to overcome the effect of TOA radiation
 - So the NH atmosphere is heated more than the SH
- Don't believe the obs? 35/35 CMIP3/5 models have more surface flux out of the NH (despite very different ocean circulations)

Let's put the observed surface heat flux into an aquaplanet GCM Will it be enough to shift the ITCZ into the NH?

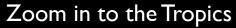


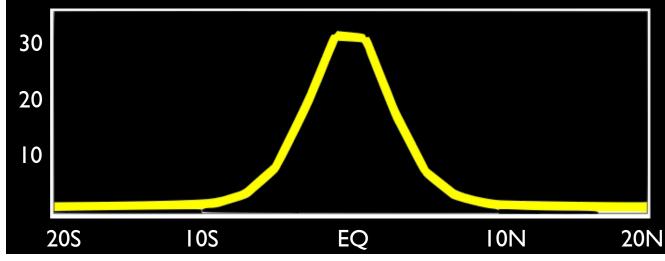
Aqua-planet Experiments no land!!

Precipitation in the Control Simulation (mm/day)

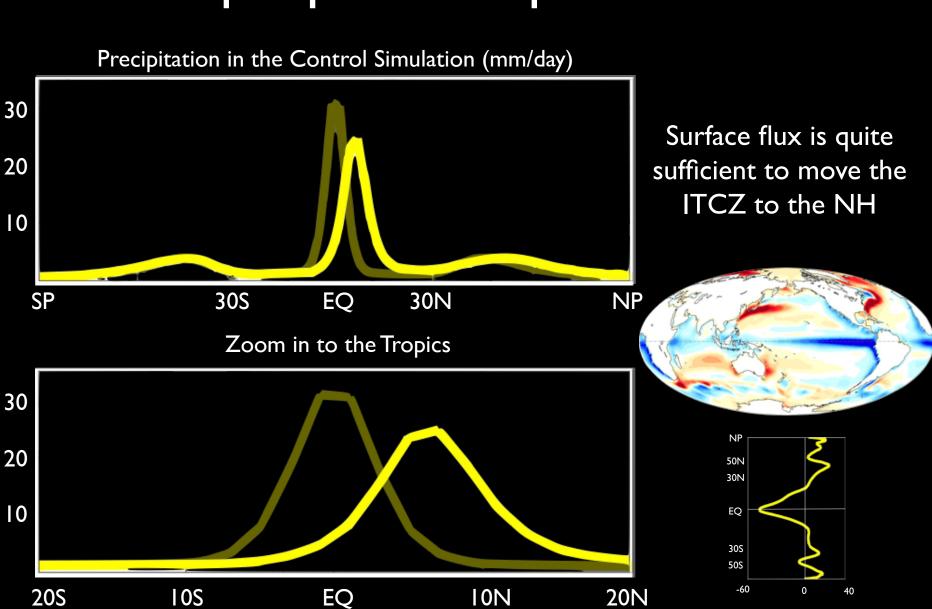


Precipitation in an aquaplanet atmospheric GCM (GFDL's AM2 model)



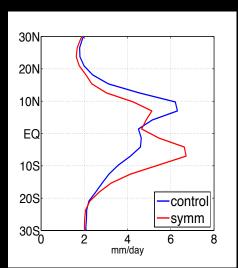


Aqua-planet Experiments



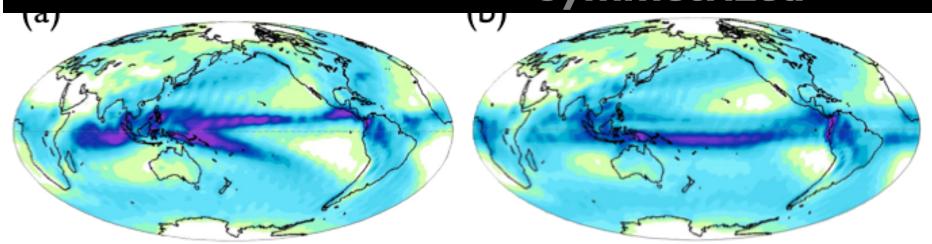
How about removing the ocean heat divergence from a full GCM?

Experiments with full and symmetrized surface heat flux



Control

Symmetrized

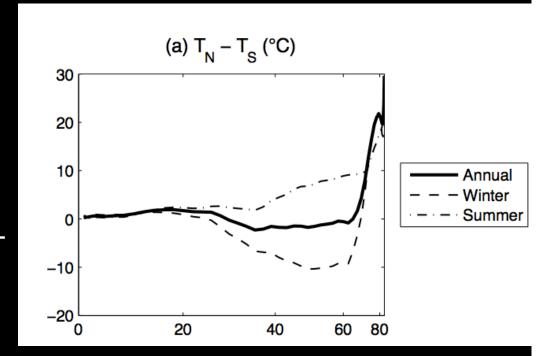


The Hemispheric Temperature Difference

Northern Hemisphere is warmer than the Southern Hemisphere

This is also related to the cross-equatorial ocean heat transport

SH becomes warmer than NH when the cross-equatorial OHT is made to be zero



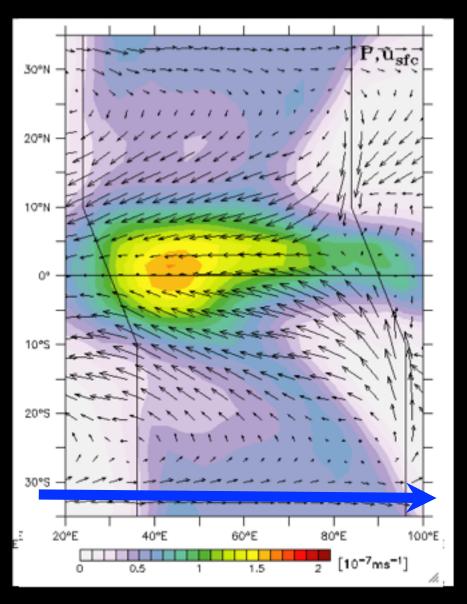
(from Kang, Seager, Frierson & Liu, 2014)

Experiments with a **Dynamical Ocean**

Coupled, idealized physics model "GrAM-MOM"
Slanted coastlines produces ITCZ in the *south*Contrary to Philander et al (1996) argument

Adding a **Drake passage**anchors the sinking of the oceanic MOC in the **NH**Giving northward cross-equatorial ocean heat transport
And the ITCZ shifts northward!

(from Fučkar, Xie, Farneti, Maroon & Frierson, J. Climate 2013 and Fučkar et al in prep)

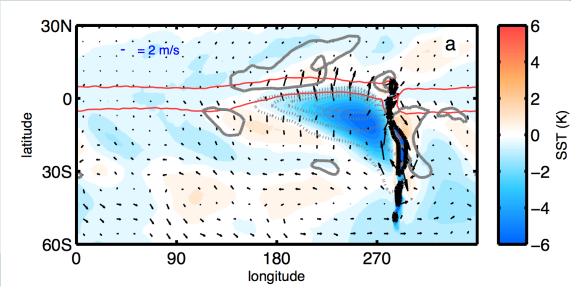


Effect of mountains?

- Maroon, Frierson and Battisti (submitted) studied the relative importance of mountain ranges and ocean heat transport
 - Mountains shift precip **regionally**, but not much in the zonal mean

Ocean heat transport confirmed as dominant control on zonal

average precip

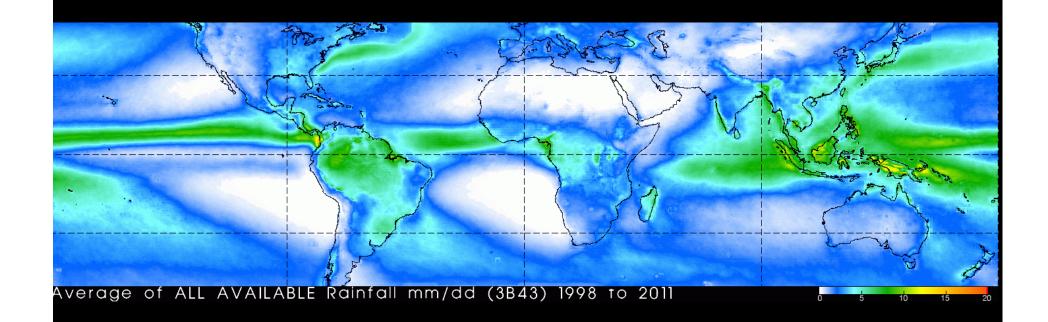


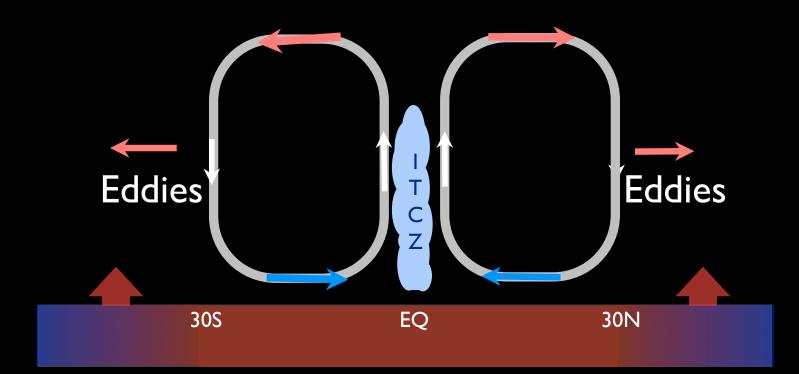
Other applications of our theory

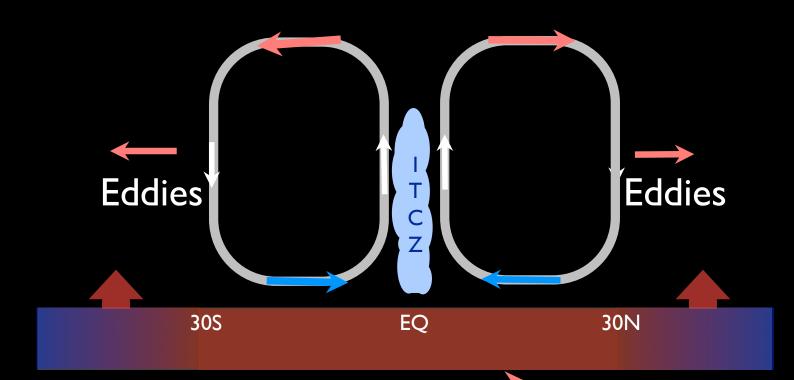
- The double ITCZ problem is mostly due to Southern
 Ocean cloud biases (Hwang and Frierson 2013)
 - Too little cloud → too much radiation into S. Ocean → warmth spreads and shifts the ITCZ south
- **Aerosols** forced a southward shift of tropical rain in late 20th century (Hwang, Frierson and Kang 2013)
 - But is AMOC variation also important in the real world?

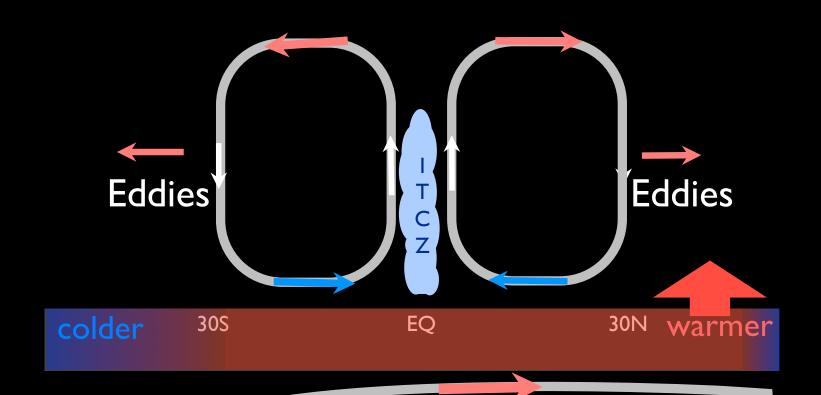
recap

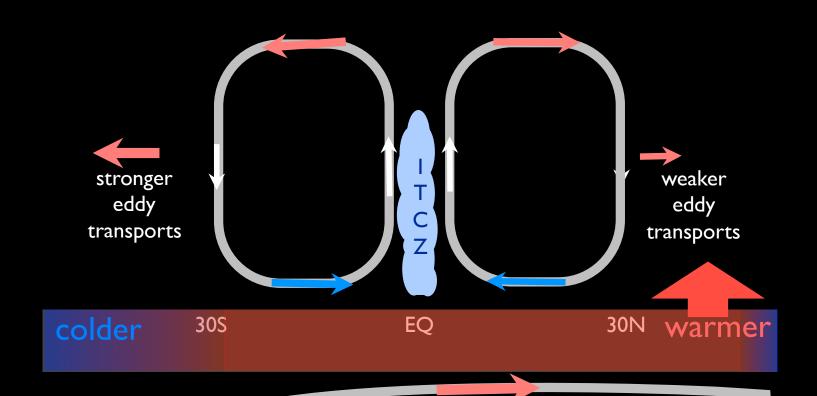
- Tropical rainfall shifts towards heating, even in high latitudes.
- Radiation alone would cause the ITCZ to be in the SH.
- The ocean MOC warms the NH and puts the ITCZ in the NH.

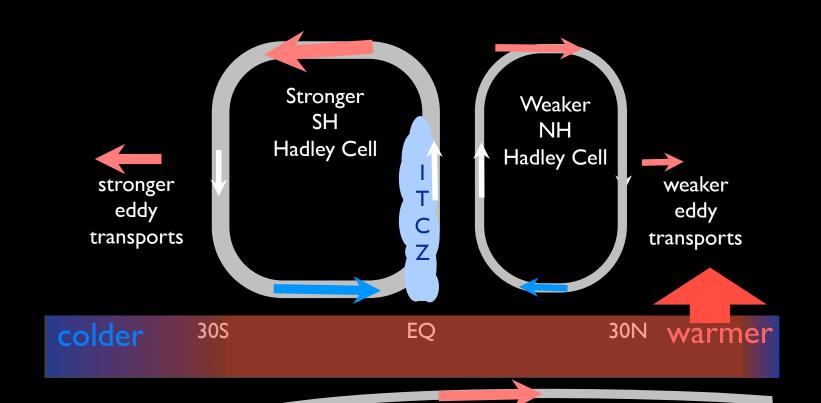


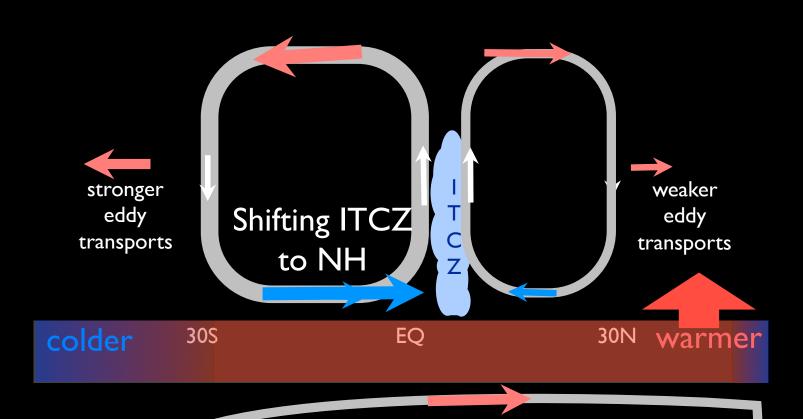












Thanks for listening. Questions?